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KOREAN AFFAIRS REPORT

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TASS DENOUNCES REAGAN ASIAN-PACIFIC TOUR

SK151024 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0955 GMT 15 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, April 15 (KCNA)--TASS published an article of its news analyst denouncing U.S. President Reagan's scheduled Asian-Pacific tour.

Preparation has begun in Washington for President Reagan's scheduled visit to a number of countries of the Asian-Pacific area at the beginning of November, it notes, and says: A White House spokesman has said that U.S. interests in that part of the world grew rapidly in the past decade in view of problems existing there.

Pointing out that the United States is attaching importance to the Asian-Pacific region, it says:

The importance of the region is also stressed in Washington's "new military strategy" for Asia, which was worked out a year ago and which envisage active drawing of the countries of the region into the U.S. strategy of global confrontation. THE NEW YORK TIMES wrote that for the strategy to be implemented the U.S. Government demands that Japan and South Korea broaden their commitments to "ensure security" in northeast Asia.

South Korea and Japan are being turned into a U.S. forward-based staging area.

The U.S. administration's attempts at justifying the militarist activity by pleading "problems existing there" look absurd, it notes.

ANTI-U.S. 'JOINT STRUGGLE,' ARMISTICE ANNIVERSARY MARKED

Anti-U.S. Demonstration

SK120451 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0409 GMT 12 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 12 (KCNA)—The Denmark-DPRK Friendship Association recently held an anti-U.S. demonstration in front of the South Korean puppet embassy in Copenhagen on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle and the 30th anniversary of the victory of the Korean people in the great fatherland liberation war.

On display in front of the embassy were photographs exposing the new war provocation moves of the U.S. imperialists and traitor Chon Tu-hwan and their fascist suppression.

The demonstrators were carrying streamers reading "U.S. imperialists, get out of South Korea!" "We support the struggle of the South Korean people for democracy!" and "Release all the political prisoners!" and shouting slogans "Chon Tu-hwan the dictator, step down from 'power'!", "Guarantee democracy!" and "Release political prisoners!"

Meanwhile, the Denmark-DPRK Friendship Association displayed on a street of the capital immortal classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and photographs showing the development of Korea and distributed to citizens the joint statement of Danish political parties and social organizations supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

That day it presented the joint statement to the U.S. Embassy in Denmark.

Meetings Mark Anti-U.S. Month

SK121555 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1515 GMT 12 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 12 (KCNA)—Meetings were recently held in various countries on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the victory of the Korean people in the great fatherland liberation war and the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle.

A meeting of solidarity with the Korean people was held at the Hungary-Korea Nagykata Friendship Agricultural Cooperative under the sponsorship of the National Council of the Hungarian Patriotic People's Front.

Placed on the platform of the meeting hall was a picture of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song with the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Addressing the meeting, a vice-president of the National Peace Council of Hungary stressed that the Hungarian people would as ever express full support and firm solidarity for the Korean people's just cause of reunifying the divided country peacefully on a democratic principle after forcing the U.S. troops out of South Korea.

A meeting celebrating the 30th anniversary of the victory of the Korean people in the great fatherland liberation war was recently held in Ulan Bator under the sponsorship of the Mongolia-Korea Friendship Association, the Federation of Peace and Friendship Organisation of Mongolia, the Mongolian Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee and the Mongolian Revolutionary Youth League.

A solidarity meeting was also held in Ulan Bator under the co-sponsorship of the Asian Buddhist conference for peace and the Mongolian Buddhist Federation on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle.

An appeal adopted at the meeting called upon the entire peace-loving Buddhists and peoples of all countries to actively struggle for forcing the U.S. imperialists to withdraw from South Korea, checking and frustrating the scheme to frame up the U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance and putting an end to the suppressive manoeuvres in South Korea.

A meeting was organized by the Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association with a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and a portrait of the founder of Pakistan Muhammad Ali Jinnah placed on the platform.

In his speech the general secretary of the Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association said that the Korean people would surely achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country in accordance with the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo advanced by the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Letters to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il were adopted at the meeting.

A meeting of solidarity with the Korean people was held in Buhor, St. Lucia, under the sponsorship of the St. Lucia Committee for Friendship and Solidarity with the Korean people.

The meeting adopted a letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

U.S. Withdrawal Demanded

SK120445 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0403 GMT 12 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 12 (KCNA)--Parliamentarians, provincial councillors, members of city councils, mayors and deputy mayors of France made public a joint statement on July 25 on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle.

The joint statement issued by 60 people including mayor of Plouguiel Gegou Francois, provincial councillor and mayor of Chavelot Bresson Robert, deputy to the National Assembly and mayor of Pleslin-les-Greves Hamon Marcel, member of city council and mayor of Murveil-les-Beziers Guy Jean, member of the Senate Serge Boucheny and deputy mayor of Plouaret Hanon Jean Pyre said:

The U.S. administration has turned South Korea into a nuclear arsenal against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which has no nuclear weapons of any kind and is scheming even to introduce neutron bombs there.

Considering such act of the U.S. administration to be a grave threat to world peace, we pungently condemn it.

We strongly demand that the U.S. Government stop these criminal moves and withdraw U.S. troops from South Korea in accordance with the resolution adopted at the U.N. General Assembly session and international law.

This is the prerequisite to the maintenance and consolidation of world peace and achievement of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

The entire Korean people are waging a vigorous struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, upholding the national reunification policy advanced by President Kim II-song.

We express firm solidarity with the Korean people in this struggle.

'Korea of Chuche' No. 5 Issued

SK152225 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2210 GMT 15 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 16 (KCNA)--The magazine "Korea of Chuche" No. 5 was issued recently in Sierra Leone on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle and the 30th anniversary of the victory of the Korean people in the great fatherland liberation war.

A portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is carried in the magazine.

Also printed there is the gist of "On the Chuche Idea," a historic treatise of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

It carries photographs and articles introducing the development of our country and photographs and articles exposing the new war provocation manoeuvres of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique.

The magazine stresses that in the period of the hard-fought fatherland liberation war the Korean people defeated the U.S. imperialists, the aggressor, and achieved a great victory under the wise leadership of respected Comrade Kim Il-song, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander.

It says that Korea will certainly be reunified under the wise guidance of the great leader President Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Foreign Media Mark Anniversary

SK131600 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1508 GMT 13 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 13 (KCNA)—Articles were published recently on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the victory of the Korean people in the great fatherland liberation war by the Romanian papers "Scinteia Tineretului," "Romania Libera," "Apararea Patriei" and magazine "Lumea," the Czechoslovak papers "Lidova Demokracie" and "Pravda," the Hungarian papers "Magyar Nemzet" and papers in Komarom, Bacs—Kiskun, Hajdu—Bihar, Szolnok, Heves, Baranya, Bekes, Fejer, Tolna and Vas counties of Hungary, the Polish paper "Sztandar Mlodych," the Bulgarian papers "Vecherni Novini," "Zemedelsko Zname" and radio and television, the Afghan papers "Hewat," "Anis" and "Truth of Soldiers," the Indian paper "National Herald" and magazine "India—Korea Friendship," the Iranian papers "Kayhan" and "Ettela' at," the Finnish papers "Kansan Uutiset" "Hameen Yhteistyo," and "Tiedonantaja," the Maltese paper "Orizzont" and radio, the Mozambican magazine "Tempo," the Democratic Yemeni paper "Al Raya," the Guyanese paper "Chronicle," the Norwegian papers "Priheten" and "Klasse Kampen" and Swiss television and radio.

They stressed that the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, shouldering upon himself all the heavy burdens of the front and rear put forward an outstanding strategic and tactical policy and a unique method of war in every period and at every stage of the war and led the fatherland liberation war to victory, personally standing in the van.

They condemned the U.S. imperialist aggressors for leading the situation of the Korean peninsula to the brink of war, clinging to the new war provocation manoeuvres and "two Koreas" plot far from drawing a lesson from their ignominious defeat in the Korean war.

They strongly demanded the U.S. imperialists to withdraw at once from South Korea, taking along all their aggression forces and lethal weapons, and expressed firm solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Kim I1-song Greeted on Anniversary

SK170404 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 17 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 17 (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song received messages of greetings from leaders of parties and fighting organisations of various countries on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the victory of the Korean people in the great fatherland liberation war.

A message from Yasir 'Arafat, chairman of the executive committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation and commander-in-chief of the Palestine revolutionary armed forces, stressed that the Korean people under the outstanding leadership of his excellency Kim Il-song smashed the aggression of the U.S. imperialists and defended the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the gain of the revolution, by displaying a high degree of self-sacrificing spirit with support and encouragement of all peoples, countries and forces that love freedom, independence and peace.

I assure you that the Palestine Liberation Organisation, the only legitimate representative of the Palestinian Arab people, stands on the side of your people in the struggle to reunify the two parts of Korea in such a way as to found the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo, the message said.

Jorge Del Prado, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Peruvian Communist Party, in his message said that the fatherland liberation war of the Korean people gave an important lesson that the oppressed people can certainly win victory if they rise and fight against the expansionist ambition and colonialist moves of the U.S. imperialists.

Strongly denouncing the U.S. imperialists' moves to introduce even neutron weapons into South Korea and form a tripartite military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea, menacing peace in Asia and the world, we take this opportunity to reassure you of our full support to and firm solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle for the reunification of the country, he said.

In his message Oliver Tambo, president of the African National Congress of South Africa, stressed that the great leader President Kim Il-song, taking upon himself all the heavy burdens on the front and in the rear, put forward an outstanding strategic and tactical policy and original war method in each period and at each stage of the war standing in its van and led the fatherland liberation war to a great victory.

The U.S. imperialists must withdraw from South Korea without delay, taking along their aggression forces in accordance with the U.N. resolution and discontinue interference in the internal affairs of Korea, he said.

Dolores Ibarruri, chairman, and Gerardo Iglesias, general secretary, of the Spanish Communist Party, in their message stressed:

We express the unconditional solidarity of the Spanish Communist Party with the struggle of your party against the U.S. imperialists' aggression and for the reunification of the country.

We will always be with you as in the past and express consistent solidarity with the Korean people till they have attained their purpose through their persistent and heroic struggle.

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

FOREIGN GROUPS OPPOSE SEOUL IPU CONFERENCE

Japanese Councils

SK120431 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 12 Aug 83

[Text] Tokyo, August 10 (KNS-KCNA)--The Saitama Prefectural People's Council for supporting the founding of the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo, the Saitama Prefectural Council of Trade Unions and the Saitama prefectural headquarters of the Japan Socialist Party on August 6 issued a joint statement against the scheme to hold the 70th conference of the interparliamentary union in Seoul.

Noting that democracy and human rights are violated in South Korea and the Chon Tu-hwan group usurped power by force, the statement said:

Broad sections of the South Korean people including intellectuals, religionists, students and workers are waging a daring struggle, not yielding to the bloody suppression by the authorities, in demand of the resignation of the Chon Tu-hwan clique, the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea, the right to national self-determination and democracy.

Today in South Korea the police falls upon private houses and upon prayer meetings in churches and arrest people.

What do the parliamentarians embraced in the inter-parliamentary union think about this?

To have the present "regime" of South Korea recognized internationally the Chon Tu-hwan clique are making desperate efforts to host the interparliamentary conference in Seoul.

The Korean people are making their utmost to realize the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, their national desire. But the military dictatorial "regime" of South Korea and the outside forces which encourage it are obstructing it.

The convocation of the conference in Seoul is aimed at concealing the actual state of the South Korean military dictatorial "regime" and "legalizing" it internationally. It is also aimed at throwing a wet blanket

over the efforts of the entire Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

This is why we oppose the holding of the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul.

Indian Public Groups

SK120441 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0356 GMT 12 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 12 (KCNA)--The All India Indo-Korean Friendship Association and the Indian Committee for Supporting the Reunification of Korea made public a joint statement on August 5 denouncing the scheme of the U.S. imperialists to hold the 70th inter-parliamentary conference in Seoul.

Noting that the inter-parliamentary conference should be held at a place convenient for the participation of all countries, the statement said:

South Korea is obviously not an "independent state," but an undeniable military base and colony of the U.S. imperialists where the U.S. imperialist aggression forces over 40,000 strong and nuclear weapons and other sophisticated destruction weapons are deployed.

The Chon Tu-hwan puppet regime of South Korea, acting entirely under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists, deprives the South Korean people of all their liberties and rights and arrests, imprisons and tortures a large number of people including democrats and students.

Today the South Korean people are waging a staunch struggle against the military puppet regime.

The world people still vividly remember the Kwangju incident.

All the socialist countries and many non-aligned countries have no diplomatic relations with South Korea.

All facts show that Seoul is unfit for the 70th inter-parliamentary conference.

All countries of the world recognize the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as the only sovereign state of Korea.

We appeal to the parliamentarians of all countries who value democracy and human rights and love peace not to attend the 70th inter-parliamentary conference slated in Seoul and not to fall a victim to the political intrigues of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets for the creation of the "two Koreas."

Japanese Delegation

SK130427 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0405 GMT 13 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 13 (KCNA)—The delegation of the Japanese Chiba Prefectural Society for the Study of the Chuche Idea headed by Shoichi Yokobori, secretary general of the Union of High School Teachers in Chiba Prefecture, Japan, and secretary general of the society, issued a statement Friday in Pyongyang in denunciation of the U.S. imperialists' scheme to hold the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul.

Noting that lurking behind the scheme to hold the conference in Seoul is the United States' "two Koreas" plot, the statement said:

The United States is stepping up the "two Koreas" plot with greater haste to perpetuate the division of Korea by concealing its colonial enslavement policy in South Korea and painting the bloody Chon Tu-hwan puppet regime as a legitimate "government" or an "independent state."

The goverments and political parties of all countries should oppose the participation in the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union scheduled in South Korea, clearly understanding that, if they attended it, this would be tantamount to joining in the United States' "two Koreas" plot, it moves to form a U.S.-Japan-South Korea tripartite military alliance and its war provocation manoeuvres.

To hold the inter-parliamentary conference and discuss such problems as disarmament and peace in South Korea where huge U.S. forces are present, war provocation manoeuvres are constantly committed, the sovereignty of the nation is trampled underfoot, no "parliament" is to be found and democracy and human rights are totally suppressed and violated means leaving a grave stain on the history of the inter-parliamentary union.

The world's peace-loving forces, governments and political parties which strive for independence against imperialism should decisively reject the scheme to hold the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union in South Korea and take a determined stand in denunciation of the U.S. imperialists who are stepping up their "two Koreas" plot and in support of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

Chongnyon Members

SK131047 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1015 GMT 13 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 13 (KCNA)--Functionaries of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) and Koreans in Japan strongly denounced the scheme of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique to hold the conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul.

Kim Song-kun, chairman of the Shinagawa, Tokyo, branch of Chongnyon, said:

It is strange to hold the inter-parliamentary conference in South Korea, a complete colony of U.S. imperialism, where the Chon Tu-hwan dictatorial "regime" is in power.

The hosting of this conference in Seoul is a filthy product of the U.S. imperialists' "two Koreas" plot.

I sternly denounce the scheme to host the inter-parliamentary conference in Seoul.

Kim Ki-tok, a functionary of the Hita, Gifu Prefecture, branch of Chongnyon, said:

I denounce with towering national indignation this political swindle to hold the conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul as part of the heinous moves to keep our nation divided into two for ever against the will and desire of the Korean nation and the world people.

Yi Chang-hui, chairman of the Hyogo Prefectural headquarters of the League of Korean Youth in Japan, said it is unpardonable to hold the inter-parliamentary conference in Seoul.

Through this conference the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan clique seek to make it appear that those countries which do not recognize South Korea as a state nor have diplomatic relations with it, recognize it as an independent state.

Moreover, it is unreasonable at all to discuss the problem of disputes, the human rights problem and the problem of decolonization in South Korea, a colony of U.S. imperialism where the danger of war is daily growing due to the new war provocation moves of the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan clique and human rights are ruthlessly violated.

Yi Yong-sik, a Korean under the influence of the "ROK Residents Association in Japan" ("Mindan"), residing in Fukuoka Prefecture, said that the convocation of the inter-parliamentary conference in Seoul is intolerable because Seoul is the world's famous place of human rights violation, where the U.S. imperialists are wirepulling the Chon Tu-hwan clique to dampen and crush the desire for democracy and reunification.

DPRK-French Friendship Group

SK130439 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0413 GMT 13 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 13 (KCNA)--The France-Korea Friendship Association on July 30 made public a statement condemning the scheme of the U.S. imperialists to hold the 70th inter-parliamentary conference in Seoul and calling for its boycott.

The statement says:

The "decision" to convene the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul in October arouses indignation among the progressive forces of France.

Clear is the basic aim pursued by those who made South Korea the "host country" of the conference by exhausting every means. It is to create the impression through the conference that the blood-stained "regime" of Seoul entirely held in the grasps of the U.S. imperialists is pursuing something resembling "democracy."

This scheming of theirs is to realise their "two Koreas" plot. It is a wanton violation of the Korean people's full right to self-determination.

In face of this move the France-Korea Friendship Association appeals to the justice- and peace-loving people and the members of the inter-parliamentary union to take a practical countermeasure and not to attend the 70th inter-parliamentary conference scheduled in Seoul.

Delegates to Antinuclear Meeting

SK130449 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0423 GMT 13 Aug 83

[Text] Tokyo, August (KNS-KCNA)--Former president of the British Labour Party Tony Benn, member of the Federal Parliament of West Germany Roland Vogt, former Italian parliamentarian Giacome Cagnes and 53 other delegates from different countries who had attended the world conference against A-H bombs made public an appeal in joint name on August 9 in Nagasaki demanding the withdrawal of the U.S. forces and nuclear weapons from South Korea and opposing the holding of the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul, South Korea.

We present at the world conference against A-H bombs pay serious attention to the fact that a lasting peace and security have not yet been achieved on the Korean peninsula, though 30 years have passed since the signing of the Korean armistice agreement, but the danger of a nuclear war is growing, the appeal says, and continues:

The preparations for a nuclear war by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the scheme to bring into shape a U.S.-Japan-South Korea military alliance and the plot of the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique to hold a conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul are a grave threat to peace and security in Asia and the world.

The U.S. administration, it stresses, should withdraw its troops and nuclear weapons from South Korea and replace the Korean armistice agreement with a peace agreement.

The appeal declares that the scheme to bring into shape a U.S.-Japan-South Korea military alliance should be rejected and a conference of the interparliamentary union should not be convened in Seoul.

Venezuelan Communist Party

SK170428 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0355 GMT 17 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 17 (KCNA)—The Central Committee of the Venezuelan Communist Party in its statement issued on August 9 in denunciation of the scheme of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique to hold the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul stressed that Venezuelan Communist members of parliament would not attend the Seoul conference of the inter-parliamentary union.

Noting that the provocative moves of the U.S. imperialists to bar the legitimate desire of the Korean people for national reunification are connected with the "two Koreas" plot strongly opposed by all the progressive forces of the world, the statement emphasized:

Lurking behind these moves of the imperialists is a design to legalize the sanguinary "regime" rigged up in the south of the Korean peninsula and have the puppet National Assembly recognized as a legitimate one by holding the 70th inter-parliamentary conference in Seoul.

We consider that the "decision" to hold the conference in Seoul is contradictory to the desires of the peoples and is aimed to oppose the reunification of Korea aspired after by her people.

The Central Committee of the Venezuelan Communist Party, issued a statement to rouse public opinion, reaffirms its full solidarity with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

No matter how hard the imperialists may try, one reunified Korea will be a reality sooner or later.

Ghanaian Group

SK180904 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0812 GMT 18 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 18 (KCNA)—The Ghanaian solidarity committee for Korea's peaceful reunification on August 12 issued a statement in denunciation of the scheme of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppets to hold the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul.

The desperate efforts of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppet clique to hold the inter-parliamentary conference in Seoul are part of the moves to create "two Koreas" through "simultaneous entry into the United Nations" and "cross recognition," the statement says, and continues:

If the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union is held in Seoul, it will result in barring the struggle of the Korean people for the country's reunification and encouraging the "two Koreas" plot and new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppet clique.

South Korea is a complete colony of the U.S. imperialists which is widely known to the world and a living hell which is destitute of elementary democracy and freedom.

It is a disgrace for the inter-parliamentary union to hold its conference in such a place.

We earnestly appeal to all the progressive countries of the world not to send their delegations to the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union slated in Seoul, clearly seeing through the political design of the U.S. imperialists.

Afro-Asian Group

SK180452 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0351 GMT 18 Aug 83

[Text] Cairo, August 16 (KCNA)--The permanent secretariat of the Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organisation made public a statement on August 14 in denunciation of the scheme of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppets to hold the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union in Seoul.

Noting that Seoul is unfit for holding the 70th conference of the interparliamentary union, the statement denounced the despicable plot of the United States to have Seoul designated as the venue of the conference.

The imperialists are now trying to save South Korea from international isolation, the statement said, and continued:

South Korea is known as a colony and strategic base of the United States and as a place where human rights are violated most ruthlessly.

The Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organisation considers that the designation of Seoul as the venue of its conference by the inter-parliamentary union whose mission is to defend human rights, democracy, peace and security is a wrong act.

We declare that if the 70th conference of the inter-parliamentary union is held in Seoul it will benefit the imperialists and lay a new obstacle in the way of the struggle of the Korean people to solve the question of national reunification independently and peacefully without any outside interference.

The permanent secretariat of the Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organisation appeals to all national organisations and its subordinate organisations to conduct brisk activities so that the parliamentarians may direct due attention to such moves of the imperialists and defend the unity of the inter-parliamentary union and help the Korean people in the struggle for achieving the country's reunification by boycotting the forthcoming conference.

OVERSEAS KOREANS' PAPERS SCORE FAMILY REUNION MOVE

HAEOE HANMINBO's Comments

SK160433 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0358 GMT 16 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 16 (KCNA)--"Haeoe Hanminbo," a paper of Korean residents published in the United States, recently branded the large-scale propaganda campaign launched by the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique these days in connection with the "movement for reunion of separated families" as a false propaganda for slandering the northern half of the republic, not for truly finding out dispersed families.

Noting that this is a rampage of another form of the military fascist "regime" misusing politically the tragedy of the country's division into the north and south, the paper said that the purpose of this "movement" is to wave off the spearhead of the public opinion at home and abroad which is critical of the fascist dictatorial "regime" and divert elsewhere the attention of the people even though temporarily in a bid to bridge over the crisis of the "regime."

The paper ridiculed the fascist clique which shamelessly pretends to have "humanitarianism," talking about "all-people movement" and "comprehensive measure."

The paper recalled that some time ago the puppet foreign minister, while prattling about "union of families on a humanitarian basis," threatened Koreans in the United States that they "should refrain from visiting the north." It pointed to the fact that the Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique arrested a compatriot in the United States on charges of being a "spy" merely because he visited the north to meet his family and that it prevents Koreans in Japan from meeting their families in South Korea because they met their neighbours under the influence of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) and frequently detains and suppresses their families, labelling them as "spies."

The paper called upon the separated families and all the Koreans at home and abroad not to be taken in by the crafty slanders and threat of the Chon Tu-hwan clique but to fight courageously against it.

SINHAN MINBO's Comments

SK180448 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 18 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 18 (KCNA)—A recent issue of "Sinhan Minbo," a paper of Korean residents in the United States, said that the false propaganda conducted by the South Korean puppets as if they were concerned for reunion of dispersed families was planned as a means of legalizing the system of the unstable Chon Tu-hwan "regime" and its concealed purpose is to incite anti-north consciousness rather than rapprochement of the split nation.

Choe Hun, a Korean resident in the United States, said: If the "campaign for reunion of dispersed families" advertised by the South Korean puppets proceeded from a sincere intention, unification would be achieved even tomorrow. But the authorities who plan it are inciting anti-national consciousness by a crafty method.

Another U.S.-resident Korean named Chong Ung said: The puppet clique which had prevented dispersed families from meeting with each other for over 30 years under such laws as the "anti-communist law" is now clamouring belatedly about the "campaign for reunion of dispersed families" to incite antagonism between the north and south. This is part of the moves of the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" to extricate itself from a predicament into which it has been driven since the massacre of Kwangju citizens.

Chon Sung-sik, a Korean resident in Los Angeles said that the Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique imprisoned a Korean resident in the United States on charges of being a "spy" merely because he had visited the northern half of the republic to meet his family and relatives and is now vociferously talking about the "campaign for reunion of dispersed families." This is nothing but a political propaganda for slandering others, he declared.

No Kil-nam, an overseas Korean, said: Even a man of slight insight will not fail to see that the "campaign for reunion of dispersed families" launched by the South Korean puppets is a political drama, and its truth will be brought to full light before long. Overseas compatriots must not be taken in by the anti-national intrigue of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique.

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

MEETING IN VENEZUELA APPEALS FOR KOREAN UNIFICATION

Keynote Report

SK101555 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1530 GMT 10 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 10 (KCNA)—Felix Eloy Torres, first vice—president of the Venezuelan Movement to Socialism and second vice—president of the Chamber of Deputies of the Congress of Venezuela, delivered the keynote report entitled "On the Acute Situation Created on the Korean Peninsula and the Task of the Organisation for the Reunification of Korea" at the enlarged meeting of Latin American and Caribbean Regional Committee to support the reunification of Korea recently held in Venezuela.

Noting that a dangerous situation which may trigger off a war any moment has been created on the Korean peninsula, the reporter pointed out that the U.S. imperialists are massively shipping military equipment capable of using neutron weapons into South Korea and further stepping up the preparations for a nuclear war there.

He further said:

The U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea is the root cause of all the misfortunes and sufferings of the South Korean people, the major factor threatening peace in Korea and the basic obstacle to her reunification.

The United States must withdraw its troops and nuclear and all other war means from South Korea in conformity with the resolution of the 30th session of the U.N. General Assembly and respond to the proposal of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for replacing the armistice agreement with a peace agreement.

At the same time, the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists over South Korea should be liquidated and an end be put to their interference in the internal affairs of Korea.

Pointing out that the reunification of Korea should be realized on the three principles of national reunification—independence, great national unity and peaceful reunification, the reporter said:

The proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo advanced by President Kim Il-song of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea at the sixth congress of the Workers' Party of Korea is the most reasonable and realistic one for the reunification of Korea.

Korea should be reunified at an early date in accordance with this proposal.

People, political parties, public organisations and friendship and solidarity organisations in Latin American and Caribbean region should launch a big campaign against the schemes to form a triangular military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea and the U.S. imperialists' moves to deploy neutron weapons in South Korea, the reporter said.

He called for enlisting all the news media in rousing broad public opinion internationally in denunciation of such schemings of the U.S. imperialists and actively propagating the just policy and proposals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

The reporter stressed that the organisations of friendship and solidarity should prevent the governments and political parties of Latin American and Caribbean regional countries from encouraging the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique to the splittist moves and should make them develop state relations with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Further Report

SK111630 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1514 GMT 11 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 11 (KCNA)--Delegates from various countries made speeches at an enlarged meeting of the Latin American and Caribbean regional committee to support the reunification of Korea which was held recently in Venezuela.

Noting that South Korea has been turned into a complete colony of the United States in political, military, economic and cultural spheres, Angel Castro Lavarello, senator and chairman of the National Liberation Front of Peru, said:

The U.S. imperialists' talk about an "independent state" is a sheer lie and is nothing but propaganda to veil their rule.

In his speech Ruis Miguel Morejon, delegate of the Cuban committee for supporting Korea's reunification, demanded the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea which is a requisite for the realisation of the desire of the Korean people for national reunification, and called upon the Latin American peoples to extend support to the struggle of the Korean people.

Eleazar Diaz Rangel, chairman of the Latin American Journalists Union, pointed out that the sworn enemy of the Korean people is the yankees and

stressed that the U.S. imperialists must immediately get out of South Korea and Central America, giving up their foolish scheme for war of aggression.

Francisco de Asis Fernandez, general secretary of the Nicaraguan Solidarity Committee Among Peoples, said he attended the meeting to support the reunification of the Korean people and denounce the U.S.-Japan-South Korea tripartite military alliance and the U.S. imperialists' interference in South Korea, and militant solidarity is needed for the reunification of Korea.

Silvano Lora, secretary general of the Dominican Committee for the Reunification of Korea, said the solidarity movement should be further expanded and strengthened in the Latin American and Caribbean region for Korea's reunification in accordance with the policy set forth by President Kim Il-song.

Swinton Lambert, second secretary of the National Secretariat of the New Jewel Movement Party of Grenada and delegate of the Grenada Committee for Friendship and Solidarity with the Korean people, said the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique are now scheming to legalize the puppet regime and create "two Koreas" by holding the inter-parliamentary conference in Seoul. He vehemently denounced all their schemes.

Cecilia Sadith Moreno, delegate of the Panama-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture, in her speech voiced firm solidarity with the struggle of the Korean and Asian peoples to check and frustrate the scheme to form a triangular military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea.

Rosie Douglas, general secretary of the United Labour Party of Dominica and chairman of the Dominica Committee of Friendship and Solidarity with the Korean people, noted that the U.S. imperialists must take their hands off Korea and withdraw at once from South Korea along with their aggression forces.

Ernesto Rodriguez Diaz, chairman of the Costa Rican Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, said the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song enjoys the full support of the world people. He declared that his country would further lift up voices of solidarity for the realisation of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

Jose Francisco Aguilar Bulgarelli, chairman of the Latin American Institute of the Chuche Idea, denounced the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique for frantically stepping up new war provocation moves, announcing that they would introduce even neutron weapons into South Korea where nuclear weapons are most densely deployed.

Speeches were also made at the meeting by Gerardo Mello Mourao, chairman of the Culture and Art Association of Brazil, Juan Liranzo Melendez, delegate of the February Democratic Front of the Dominican Republic; Pedro Gatty, delegate of the Broad Front of Uruguay; Carlos Nuno, delegate of the Mexican

committee for supporting Korea's reunification; Jaime Cerruto Flores, secretary general of the Peruvian committee for supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea; Fernando Maldonado, international secretary of the Socialist Revolutionary Party of Ecuador; and Sinclair Gittens, general secretary of the Barbados Committee for Friendship and Solidarity with the Korean people.

All the speakers held that Korea's reunification must be realised in accordance with the proposal for founding the DCRK and expressed their determination to actively wage the solidarity movement in support of the Korean people's struggle against the U.S. imperialists.

TASS CITED ON AMNESTY 'FARCE' IN SOUTH

SK140915 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0908 GMT 14 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 14 (KCNA)--TASS August 12 exposed the South Korean puppet clique's "amnesty" farce.

It said:

The "amnesty" to a number of prisoners announced in South Korea by the "regime" of Chon Tu-hwan is a cynical political farce.

The puppet authorities intend to shorten the prison terms or to "release" from prisons a small part of the arrested rank-and-file participants in anti-"governmental" protests. Most of them will be immediately mobilised into the puppet army or banished to remote provinces where they will be under police surveillance. An "official representative" of the South Korean puppet police hastened to declare that the lifting of the ban on the activity of the disbanded political parties and of the leaders of the opposition who are under arrest is out of question.

Seoul needed the farce of "amnesty" to dampen somehow the tension mounting in the country. Besides that Washington insisted on such cosmetic measures so that U.S. President Reagan should have an opportunity to talk during his coming visit to Seoul about "democratisation" of the "policy" of his South Korean puppets who have become for the world public a symbol of lawlessness and bloody reprisals against the slightest infestations of dissent.

About 400 participants in the opposition movement were arrested in South Korea in the recent months alone. The opposition movement comes out for the overthrow of the Chon Tu-hwan dictatorship and for the ending of the U.S. occupation of the south of the Korean peninsula.

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DAILY ON PUSAN EXERCISES TURNING BACK PLANE

SK161128 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1028 GMT 16 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 16 (KCNA) -- NODONG SINMUN today comments on the fact that recently a Japanese airliner which had left for Pusan airport flew back to Japan, unable to alight there, owing to a war exercise of the South Korean puppets around the airport.

Noting that it is quite uncommon to fire guns and rifles at a civilian airport without notice in peace time, not in a wartime, barring a foreign airliner from landing, the author says:

This shows that the South Korean puppets lost their reason in the war racket and discarded even the generally recognized international usage of giving notice beforehand in case of emergency at an international airport.

This also reveals that the Chon Tu-hwan group stages many war exercises in the skies, land and sea beside those made public.

The Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique has raised a terrific hue and cry over someone's "southward invasion" with the approach of the inter-parliamentary conference scheduled in Seoul. But their war exercise even barring the operation of an airliner exposed that they themselves are actually preparing a war of aggression on the Korean peninsula.

The false propaganda of the Chon Tu-hwan group will convince no one.

SOCIALIST PAPERS BACK REUNIFICATION STRUGGLE

SK160416 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0341 GMT 16 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 16 (KCNA)—Foreign papers carried articles supporting our people's cause of national reunification.

The Romanian paper "Scinteia" July 27 in an article titled "Resolute and Consistent Support to Korean People's Just Cause of National Reunification" said that Romania has consistently supported the Korean people's cause of national reunification.

Noting that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has advanced numerous proposals for national reunification, the paper stressed: To carry into effect the proposals of the DPRK accords with the vital interests of the entire Korean people and will be greatly conducive to consolidating peace in Korea and the world.

The desire of the Korean people for national reunification will certainly be realised, it said.

The Cuban paper "Granma" July 25 printed an article captioned "Armistice Agreement at Panmunjom."

It denounced the U.S. imperialists for violating the provisions of the Korean Armistice Agreement.

On July 30 the paper printed an article entitled "Reunification of Korea."

The July 30 issue of the Iranian paper "Kayhan" in an article titled "Korea is One" exposed, citing historial data, how viciously the U.S. imperialists have machinated to perpetuate the division of Korea from the first days of their occupation of South Korea.

The Congolese paper "Etumba" on July 30 printed an article titled "Powder Keg on the Point of Explosion," which exposed the new war provocation moves of the U.S. imperialists.

S. KOREAN POLICE ASSAULT STUDENTS MEETING IN CHURCH

SK180435 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 18 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 18 (KCNA) -- The Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique on June 3 mobilized the police to assault the lecture hall of Seoul students commemorating the 19th anniversary of the June 3 uprising, according to "Sinhan Minbo," a paper of Koreans published in the United States.

The paper made public "details of the case of raid on the Songam church" published by the youth council of the Presbyterian Church Federation of South Korea in connection with this outrageous incident.

According to the details, the lecture meeting participated in by many pastors and 1,350 students took place from the outset in the encirclement of over 10 mobile police vehicles.

At the end of the lecture students demanded withdrawal of the police, saying that they would peacefully disperse. But hundreds of terrorists pounced upon students, pastors and evangelists and committed all manner of outrages against them, firing tear gas canisters.

In connection with the military fascist clique's raid on the church, the youth council on June 3 issued an appeal denouncing the outrage and calling for struggle.

BRIEFS

S. KOREA JUDICIAL RESHUFFLE—Pyongyang, 16 Aug (KCNA)—The South Korean pupper supreme court newly posted over 30 malicious judicial officers at the "high courts" and "district courts" under it on August 12, according to a report. That day the puppet Justice Ministry also moved to other posts or newly appointed 340 prosecutors under the pretext of "reorganisation of offices." Through these personnel changes at the dictatorial machines the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique tries to consolidate its ruling foundation with more malicious fascist elements. [Text] [SK160346 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 16 Aug 83]

STUDENTS IN SOUTH SUSPENDED--Pyongyang, 16 Aug (KCNA)--The South Korean puppet Education Ministry handed over a list of 22 students to universities in Seoul to be suspended from school on charges of "extracurricular lessons" during the vacation, according to a report. The puppet police "prosecuted" them to be penalized by invoking a fascist evil law. The South Korean fascist clique also expelled 66 students and issued a warning to 780 others at Chungnam University at the end of the present school term. At Hannam College in Taejon 30 students were expelled and over 330 others given a warning. At two other universities in Taejon nearly 100 students were either expelled or disciplined. The puppets are expelling en masse from the campus patriotic students who took the lead in the anti-U.S. struggle for independence and anti-fascist struggle for democracy. [Text] [SK160407 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0339 GMT 16 Aug 83]

LETTERS TO COMPATRIOTS—Pyongyang, 17 Aug (KCNA)—The secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland has sent in three instalments to 1,356 personages of various circles in South Korea and overseas "Letter to the Political Parties, Public Organisations and People of Various Strata in South Korea and Overseas Compatriots" which was adopted at an enlarged meeting of the DFRF Central Committee held on July 25 for averting the danger of a new war in Korea and promoting the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. Sending copies of the letter, the secretariat expressed the hope that the personages of various strata in South Korea and overseas would show an affirmative response to the letter containing a patriotic initiative for a durable peace in the country and its peaceful reunification. [Text] [SK171614 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1516 GMT 17 Aug 83]

S. KOREA/ECONOMY

BRIEFS

DEFENSE SPENDING AT 6 PERCENT--Despite its earlier decision to freeze next year's budget at this year's level, the government will set defense spendings for 1984 at six percent of the gross national product (GNP), sources at the Economic Planning Board (EPB) said yesterday. In consideration of an expected 7.5 percent growth in GNP next year, defense outlays are likely to increase by 200 to 300 billion won from this year, according to the sources. [Text] [Seoul THE KOREA HERALD in English 20 Jul 83 p 3]

S. KOREA/SOCIAL CONDITIONS

INDUSTRIAL COASTAL AREAS FOUND POLLUTED

Seoul THE KOREA HERALD in English 20 Jul 83 p 8

[Text] A large quantity of polychlorinated biphenyl, known to be harmful to the human body, was detected on the bottom of the sea near coastal industrial areas.

The National Environmental Protection Institute said yesterday that it measured last year the pollution ratios of the PCB in waters off 22 places in seven bays and detected in 19 places 0.0013 ppm to 0.5127 ppm of the highly toxic chemical compounds.

The seven bays in which the institute measured the PCB pollution ratios were Chinhae, Ulsan, Suyong, Pohang, Kwangyang, Mokpo and Inchon.

An average of 0.1858 ppm of PCB was detected in Ulsan bay, showing the highest PCB pollution rate.

Chinhae bay was next with $0.1118 \, \mathrm{ppm}$, followed by Suyong with $0.0086 \, \mathrm{ppm}$ and Inchon with $0.0048 \, \mathrm{ppm}$. PCB was detected in three sea beds off each of the four gulfs.

The PCB measured on the two sea beds of Mokpo and Pohang bays averaged 0.00545 ppm and 0.0023 ppm while the PCB detected on the bottom of the sea off Kwangyang was measured at 0.0037 ppm.

PCB used in industry and manufacturing, frequently discharged into rivers as chemical waste, is known to cause skin disease in humans and suspected of causing birth defects and cancer in animals.

Chemical wastes and industrial products containing PCB pollute the soil and water.

People are exposed to the chemical compounds when they eat crops, animals or seafood.

S. KOREA/FOREIGN TRADE

BRIEFS

ARMS SALE TO IRAN DENIED--The government has flatly denied recent reports by some foreign news media that some Korean combines have been involved in the sale of weapons to Iran. In a statement issued yesterday, Foreign Ministry Spokesman Chung Kie-ock denied the news reports as "absolutely groundless." He revealed that the government of the Republic of Korea reaffirmed its position that it hopes the Iran-Iraq conflict will be settled by peaceful means without any outside intervention. [Text] [Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 20 Jul 83 p 1]

STEP-UP IN LOYALTY CAMPAIGN URGED

Pyongyang NODONG CH'ONGNYON in Korean 10 Jul 83 p 3

[Article by Yi Po-kuk, chairman of the SWYL [Socialist Working Youth League] of the Taedonggang District: "Step up the Campaign for Loyalty!"]

[Text] In his letter of congratulations to those SWYL members and cadres who took part in the on-the-spot survey march through the Mr Paektu revolutionary battle sites, the beloved leader Comrade Kim Chong-il pointed out as follows:

"To follow the examples of the great leader is a fundamental guarantee for success and consummation of the revolutionary cause of chuche. By stepping up their study of the revolutionary history and the revolutionary thought of the great leader and by stepping up the movement for following the examples of the leader shown in his glorious youth, the SWYL members and cadres must endeavor to understand more deeply the immortal thought of chuche, revolutionary achievements, revolutionary characteristics of leadership, and the lofty communist virtues of the great leader."

In order to step up and further develop the movement for loyalty, in line with the demands of the party, and follow the examples of the great leader shown in his glorious youth, it is imperative decisively to enhance the responsibility and roles of those SWYL cadres who are organizing and guiding the work of each unit.

This represents one of the experiences which the SWYL committee of our district had during the period in which it stepped up and further developed the movement, for loyalty while upholding the letter of congratulations from the beloved leader comrade given to those SWYL members and cadres who took part in the on-thespot survey march through the Mt Paektu revolutionary battle sites.

In July of last year, after receiving the letter of congratulations from the beloved leader comrade given to those SWYL members and cadres who took part in the on-the-spot survey march through the Mt Paektu revolutionary battle sites, the district SWYL committee acquainted itself with the situation in which the primary level SWYL organizations were organizing and guiding the movement for loyalty in order to map out correct measures to implement thoroughly the tasks set forth in the letter of congratulations.

In that process, we found the following facts: In those units where the sense of responsibility of the primary level cadres was high and their roles were active, the movement was invariably forcefully launched and great achievements were made in the youth indoctrination; and, on the other hand, in those units where the sense of responsibility of the primary level cadres was not appropriate enough and their roles were weak, this was not true.

Marshal Kim Il-song, the great leader, taught us as follows:

"Practical experiences in the revolution show us that cadres are the decisive factor in solving all the problems."

On the basis of the facts revealed, the district SWYL committee realized that it must decisively enhance the sense of responsibility and roles of those primary level SWYL cadres who are organizing and guiding the movement in order to step up and further develop the movement for following, in conformity with the demands of the party, the examples of the great leader shown in his glorious youth and the history of brilliant guidance of the party; and it concentrated all of its efforts in doing so.

The district SWYL committee, above all, saw to it that primary level SWYL cadres thoroughly understood [the proposition] that further to step up and develop that movement means the following: to effect an overall enhancement of the contents, forms and methods of indoctrination in conformity with the demands of the development of realities, on the basis of the achievements already made and the experiences earned; in particular, to exert great efforts to follow the examples of the beloved leader comrade shown in his glorious youth.

Then, employing the seminar method, the committee carried out an intensive ideological indoctrination in order to enhance the sense of responsibility and roles of the primary level SWYL cadres.

The district SWYL committee, first of all, charged the primary level SWYL cadres in its district with the task of taking part with thorough preparations in a seminar that will be held under the title: "The movement for following the examples of the great leader and the beloved leader comrade shown in their glorious youth and the SWYL cadres."

On the other hand, through the school for primary level organization chairmen, the minds of the SWYL cadres were thoroughly instilled with the policy and demands of the party set forth regarding the movement.

Furthermore, the district SWYL committee saw to it that all the district cadres would render assistance to each of the primary level SWYL cadres in each unit in making preparations for the seminar.

The result of the seminar conducted with preparations made in such a thorough way was very good.

In the wake of the course of the seminar, many of the SWYL cadres came to have a correct notion that whether or not the movement for loyalty will be launched forcefully depends entirely on the primary level SWYL cadres themselves.

The chairman of the primary level SWYL committee of the Pyongyang Coal Mining Machine Plant stated that a guarantee for bringing up the youths as real chuche-oriented communist revolutionaries who are endlessly loyal to the party and the leader is to be found in forcefully launching the movement for loyalty and unceasingly stepping up and developing it. He then expressed a fresh determination to set forth the movement for loyalty as a fundamental factor and efficiently push it forth.

Such a determination as this was made not only by this primary level SWYL committee chairman but also by others.

Many primary level SWYL cadres, enjoying such a high sense of responsibility, were determined to launch forcefully the movement for loyalty and begin their work.

The more they did, the more efficiently the district SWYL committee organized its work with them.

For instance, the committee employed the "control-them-while-helping-them and help-them-while-controlling-them" method in stepping up its work with them.

The committee did so because, only when it exercises an efficient control over their implementation of the movement for loyalty, can the primary level SWYL cadres get more interested in the movement, and can their sense of responsibility and roles be enhanced further.

In the past, the district SWYL committee used the method of charging only a few cadres with the duty of guiding the movement; however, the committee has now discarded such a negative work method and set forth a policy of positive guidance.

First of all, it has set up a well-organized work system which enables the committee to thoroughly grasp and control the situation in which the primary level SWYL organizations carry out the movement. And, while doing this, the committee emphasized fundamentally checking on how the primary level SWYL cadres were doing their work of organization and guidance in connection with the movement.

The work of grasping and controlling, such as this, moves along basically in [the system of] getting reports once a week. And it has now become a customary practice that whenever cadres of the district SWYL committee visit lower levels, they come back, without fail, with a thorough understanding of the situation of the implementation of the movement.

Furthermore, it has now become an established practice that the district SWYL committee discusses the problems arising in connection with the movement and sets forth measures to cope with the situation at the end of every month.

Thus the work of grasping and controlling and the work of indoctrination has been carried out collectively in various ways; and the sense of responsibility and roles of the primary level SWYL cadres have been enhanced

enormously. The movement for loyalty has been expanded endlessly in line with that development; and really great achievements have been made in the indoctrination of youths, carried out through such a process.

While the movement for loyalty was being expanded and developed in such a manner, really epoch-making, great changes took place in the ideological, spiritual, and moral profile of the youths in the district, as well as in their work.

During the past 1 year alone, dozens of youths won the honor of becoming party members. Those who won the honor of implementing their plans ahead of schedule were as follows: over 450 young men, including Comrade Chong Ch'ol-su, welding worker of the pipe shop of the Pyongyang Coal Mining Machine Plant, achieved their second 7-year plans; and 170-odd young men, including Comrade Hong Kum-nyo, molding worker of the Pyongyang Casting Plant, achieved their plan for this year before the end of the first half of the year.

In addition to that, the Sagok Girls Higher Middle School became "the honorable school of Red Flag"; and dozens of primary level organizations joined the rank of "the honorable model primary level organization" and "the dual model primary level organization of loyalty."

Today, on the basis of such achievements and experiences as cited above, we are further enhancing the roles of the primary level SWYL cadres and endlessly expanding the movement for loyalty thereby we are bringing up all the youths in the district as those really chuche-oriented communist revolutionaries who will unswervingly march ahead many thousand ri along the road of revolution following the party.

Yi-Po-kuk, chairman of the Taedonggang District SWYL Committee.

7989

CSO: 4110/080

N. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

DAILY CALLS FOR ANNIVERSARY LABOR SURGE

SK140941 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0933 GMT 14 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 14 (KCNA)--"Let Us Bring a Great Upsurge in Labor in All Domains of the National Economy in Honor of 35th Anniversary of Founding of the Republic!" is the headline of an editorial of NODONG SINMUN Sunday, which calls for greeting the national day with high political enthusiasm and successes in labor.

The editorial notes that the energetic drive launched by our people for greeting the national day with shining success is a manifestation of their high political consciousness and noble patriotic zeal.

Now the party demands that the national day be made an occasion of a great production upsurge in all domains of the national economy for a new, greater advance in the socialist economic construction of the country, it says.

Stressing that it stands out as an important problem to normalise production on a high level in accelerating socialist economic construction, the editorial says:

The discipline in the fulfilment of plans should be strengthened and the daily, ten-day and monthly targets be beaten on all indices without fail in all domains and at all units.

The editorial calls upon the economic guidance personnel to effectively carry out economic organisation and command of production as required by the Taean work system.

Noting that it is an important task arising in hastening socialist economic construction at present to improve the quality of products and intensify the struggle for economy, the editorial urges all the industrial establishments to intensify the drive for technical innovation and strictly observe technical regulations and standard methods of operation.

Let us all turn out vigorously and advance through the speed battle spurred on by Chollima in hearty response to the militant call of the party, and thereby significantly greet the 35th anniversary of the founding of the republic, concludes the editorial.

N. KOREA/MILITARY AFFAIRS

KPA GENERAL SCORES U.S. 'MACHINATIONS OF AGGRESSION AND WAR'

Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 24 Jun 83 p 3

[Article by Yi Tu-ik, Colonel General, Korean People's Army: "The U.S. Imperialists Must Give Up Their Machinations of Aggression and War and Withdraw from South Korea At Once"]

[Text] We greet "Day of the 25 June Anti-U.S. Imperialist Struggle" in a majestic environment whereby under the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the glorious Party Center the whole country, holding aloft the banner of the three revolutions—ideological, technological, and cultural—is accelerating the historic march toward the creation of "the speed of the eighties" and the conversion of whole society to the chuche ideology.

On this day all of the Korean people and officers and men of the People's Army cannot help feeling a surging anger at the U.S. imperialists, our enemies who, having wreaked havoc on our fatherland in the past war, are still illegally occupying South Korea to this day and going berserk in their plots to create "two Koreas" and provoke another war. They are filled to the brim with a firm resolve to force the scoundrels to withdraw from the South and win the independent peaceful reunification of the fatherland by all means.

The criminal provocation of war by the U.S. imperialists on 25 June 1950 was a direct product of the unchanging policy of aggression by the scoundrels bent on turning the whole of South Korea into their colony and aiming at world hegemony.

The 3-year war forced upon us by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys was a formidable trial for our people.

With a view to squeezing the republic to death in its cradle, the U.S. imperialists threw in, on an extensive scale, together with the latest military equipment, an enormous armed force—more than 2 million strong—including their own major forces of land, sea, and air, and the South Korean puppet armed forces and the mercenaries of their 15 vassal states. They carried out a war with the most barbaric, the most harsh mass

slaughter, one without parallel in the world history of wars. The U.S. imperialist aggressors, by indiscriminate bombings and shellings, reduced our peaceful cities and neighborhoods, factories and rural villages to ashes, and massacred the innocent people by ruthless methods.

The bestial atrocities of the U.S. imperialists had betrayed to the hilt their inherent nature as the stranglers of mankind, as cannibals.

But the scoundrels, for all their unheard-of methods of war, massacre and atrocities, could not force our people to their knees.

Our people's great Fatherland Liberation War was a fierce anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle against the armed invasion by the allied imperialist forces headed by the U.S. imperialists, a fierce class struggle against the people's enemies.

Day in, day out, in the Fatherland Liberation War, under the sagacious leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the great military strategist, the legendary hero, the ever victorious iron commander, our people and officers and men of the People's Army, courageously rising up in the sacred war to destroy the enemies, displayed matchless mass heroism.

The respected and belved leader Comrade Kim IL-song, personally shouldering all of the heavy burdens of the destiny of the fatherland and the people throughout the war, led our people and People's Army along the one road of victory with a matchless strategy and tactics and campaign plan.

Because of the presence of the great leader, the supreme commander, at the helm of the all-people sacred war and of theinvincible unity and solidarity of the party and the people, our people and People's Army was able to vanquish the U.S. imperialists, vaunted as "the mightiest" in the world, and break the "technical superiority" of the enemies with our politico-ideological superiority and overcoming the unprecedentedly arduous and formidable trials.

Truly, the historic victory of our people in the Fatherland Liberation War has eloquently proved the historic truth that the strength of a people and armed force, receiving the sagacious leadership of the party and the leader and holding faithfully to the party and the leader as a tradition, is invincible and that no enemies can force such a people and armed force to their knees.

Thirty years has elapsed since the end of the wra in Korea.

But the historic cause of fatherland reunification, the greatest aspiration of our nation, has yet to be attained, and the danger of another war is growing with each passing day.

This is altogether the result of the decisive, aggressive Korea policy of the U.S. imperialists.

After the war our party and the government of the republic put forward numerous just proposals aimed at converting the armistice to a lasting peace and expediting the independent peaceful reunification of the fatherland, and made patient efforts designed to stop the ceaseless machinations of provocation by the enemies.

The U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet gang have been answering with machinations of division and war to all of our rational, fair and just proposals such as the establishment of the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo designed to realize the reunification of Korea independently, peacefully on the democratic principle without the intervention of any outside force.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their policy of aggression are the root cause of all misfortunes of our nation and the basic obstacle to the reunification of our country, and the constant reason why war may break out in Korea." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 5 p 335)

The U. S. imperialists who are being swept away by the dynamic tide of the era of the independent stand and attitude, are viciously challenging the anti-imperialist sovereignty cause of the revolutionary peoples of the world, with a view to getting out from under their cataclysmic fate.

The present ruling circles of a bellicose United States, attaching important significance to South Korea in terms of military strategy, has transformed South Korea as a military strategic base into a nuclear base, into a war depot.

Recently the U.S. warmongers, proclaiming the Korean Peninsula ss "the test ground for confrontation of strength," as a U.S. "forward defense area" in the 1980's, have extensively concentrated even more of their aggressive armed forces and various kinds of nuclear weapons in South Korea, and are even intending to bring in neutron bombs.

The joint military exercises "Team Spirit 83" staged in South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets from 1 February to mid-April of this year once again bear vivid testimony to the fanatical scheme of the scoundrels for aggression and their plan to unleash a nuclear war.

The notorious "Team Spirit 83" joint military exercises were the most dangerous of war exercises in history in terms of this aggressive intent or in terms of the scale of the troops and equipment mobilized. The parachute operations, the landing operations, the river-crossing operations launched by the scoundrels during the said period were all, without exception, adventurous offensive operations aimed at invading the northern half of the republic at a stroke. The U.S. imperialists carried out the military exercises for a hypothetical nuclear war.

All facts showed that the "Team Spirit 83" joint military exercises were not simple military exercises but a preparatory war that completed the operational plans for unleashing another Korean war, a planned provocation to light the fire of war, a nuclear testing war.

The "Team Spirit 83" joint military exercises came to an end but the war machinations of the scoundrels are still continuing, and the dark clouds of war are constantly hanging over the Korean Peninsula.

Through the U.S. imperialist machinations of aggression and war South Korea is becoming the blasting fuse for another world war, the first and foremost nuclear war base.

The present U.S. ruling circles headed by Reagan, with a view to carrying out their Korea policy and their world strategy, are stepping up their efforts to create a tripartite military allinace between the United States, Japan, and South Korea, and are going berserk in insuring the unification of military operations between them.

The scoundrels, also with a view to strengthening their colonial enslavement policy and war policy in South Korea, are maintaining an unheard-of military fascist dictatorship.

Under the direct incitement and aegis of the U.S. imperialists the Chon Tu-hwan traitor gang is suppressing the anti-U.S. democratization struggle of the South Korean people by fascism and is sacrificing fellow countrymen through war machinations for the interests of the United States and to prolong their own hold on power. They are going mad to create "two Koreas" by deciveness.

It is the United States that intends to light the fire of another war in Korea, and again it is the U.S. imperialists that caused the suppression and massacre of the patriotic people as in Kwangju, and it is also the ruling circles of the United States that are driving their colonial puppets to anticommunist confrontation and war provocation.

Without putting an end to the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their intervention in the internal affairs of Korea, neither the independent peaceful reunification of Korea nor a lasting peace and security of the Korean Peninsula and the world could ever be hoped for.

To force the U.S. troops to withdraw from South Korea and put an end to the U.S. intervention in the internal affairs of Korea is a priority condition and a task of urgent necessity for the reunification of Korea and world peace.

There are no grounds whatever for the United States to keep occupying South Korea.

The resolve of our people to repudiate outside forces and achieve the independent peaceful reunification of the country is immutable.

The U.S. imperialists must give up their anachronistic stand of "strength." Gone forever are the days when the U.S. imperialists used to trample, as they pleased, the soverign rights of other countries.

Neither by their nuclear aircraft carriers nor by their neutron bombs nor by their "Rapid Deployment Force" can the scoundrels surprise our people.

Ours is an invincible people firmly united around the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, genius of the revolution, the great military strategist, the ever victorious iron commander, and the glorious Party Center.

Because of receiving the sagacious leadership of the great leader and the party and of being closely united around theleader and the party, our people have been able to win a historic victory in the Fatherland Liberation War and gloriously defend the soverign rights of the country and the people, smashing at every step of the way the repeated enemy machinations of aggression such as the postwar incident of the "Pueblo." Even at a time when the U.S. imperialists were making the situation extremely tense with such unprecedented war exercises as "Team Spriti 83," our people and People's Army, by loyally upholding the order of our respected and beloved comrade supreme commander and firmly uniting around the party, and by demonstrating an immutable resolve to defend to the death the fatherland and gains of the revolution with our blood, have been able to thwart the aggressive machinations of the scoundrels.

At present the ideological preparedness of our people and People's Army is very good.

The heroic Korean People's Army under the slogan for all of its personnel to become "the Kim Kyok of the eighties" is filled to overflowing with the resolve loyally to revere and attend the great leader as did the young communists in the 1920's, protect and defend the party and the leader with their lives, and attain the chuche revolutionary cause to the end, following the guidance of the glorious party.

Today the northern half of the republic has been transformed into a socialist power of self-dependence, self-support, and self-reliant defense.

In accordance with the military line of our party for self-reliant defense, the whole country has been turned into an impregnable fortress and all of the people have been armed, and the People's Army, which has been converted into a cadre army and modernized, possesses "1-a-match-for-100" strength capable of cutting down at a blow any enemy, however strong.

The antifascist democratization struggle of the people, the youth and students of South Korea is being launched more energetically.

Our people have many friends and supporters, and sympathizers in the world, and the voice of solidarity for the independent peaceful reunification of Korea is growing louder with each passing day.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors, ignoring the demand and intention of our people and world peoples, should unleash another war to the end, then the scoundrels shall not be able to escape a cataclysmis fate not comparable to that in the past war.

The U.S. imperialists and the Japanese reactionaries, and the South Korean puppet gang must act prudently.

Our people and the officers and men of the People's Army are watching with vigilance the reckless aggressive machinations of the scoundrels.

We do not want war but we absolutely cannot tolerate anyone picking a quarrel with the sovereign rights and dignity of our people, and we shall resolutely mete out punishment.

The U.S. imperialists, in accordance with the UN resolutions, must withdraw from South Korea without delay, taking with them all the murderous equipment such as nuclear weapons.

The Japanese reactionaries must abandon their foolish nefarious scheme to try once again, getting a ride on the Asia strategy of the present ruling circles of the United States, to realize their old dream of "The Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere," and give up their act of infringing the sovereign rights of the Korean people and Asian peoples.

The gang of Chon Tu-hwan, a traitor unforgivable for a thousand autumns and a henchman of the U.S. imperialist colonial policy, if it refuses to step down forthwith from the seat of "political power," must understand clearly that it will face the stern judgment of the people.

All of the Korean people and the officers and men of the People's Army, loyally upholding the independent peaceful reunification guidelines of our party, shall struggle to the end in order to force the U.S. imperialist aggressive troops to withdraw from South Korea, and attain the historic cause of fatherland reunification by all means.

Invincible are our people and People's Army struggling under the sagacious leadership of the great leader and the glorious Party Center to hasten the historic cause of conversion of the whole society to the chuche ideology and the independent reunification of the fatherland.

12153

CSO: 4110/070

N. KOREA/MILITARY AFFAIRS

ARMY LEADER DENOUNCES U.S. WAR PROVOCATIONS

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 24 Jun 83 p 3

[Article by Col Gen Chu To-il: "The American Imperialists' New War Provocations Will Only Advance Their Self-destruction"]

[Text] Our people and People's Armed Forces greet "the day of struggle against American imperialism, 25 June," gathered in an impenetrable barrier around the party and the great leader to defend stoutly the socialist fatherland and to advance vigorously revolution and construction. Facing this day, the hearts of the people and the officers and men of the People's Armed Forces are burning with boundless hatred and hostility toward the American imperialist aggressors. They are strengthening further their resolve to eliminate American imperialism from South Korea and achieve the historical cause of the reunification of the fatherland.

Historically, American imperialism is the irreconcilable enemy that has brought national unhappiness and suffering to the Korean people and is the provocator who set the fire of the worst war of aggression in our country.

The American imperialist aggressors have always considered the Korean Peninsula, located in a militarily strategic spot, important for realizing their ambition of ruling the world. Thus for over a century, American imperialism has ceaselessly dared to carry out its thieving aggression and interventionist machinations in our country. However, the aggressive maneuverings of American imperialism in Korea have ended in ignominious defeat. In particular, the 3 year Korean war was the turning point when the American imperialist aggressors endured severe political and military setbacks and started onto the downward path.

The American imperialists, who illegally occupied South Korean after our country had escaped from the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism, set the fire of their vicious war of aggression on 25 June 1950, with the ambition of eliminating our young republic in its infancy, and making the whole of Korea their complete colony, their beached for aggression in Asia. This was the fiercest and bloodiest war in history.

The American imperialists rushed in crazily, mobilizing massive amounts of military equipment and millions of soldiers, including their own aggressor force, mercenaries from 15 client states, and the South Korean puppet army.

With means and methods more bestial than the previous generations of military fascist fanatics, the American imperialists mercilessly slaughtered our people, indiscriminately bombed our cities and villages, and turned the republican northern half into a literal ashheap. The American imperialist aggressors fully revealed their bestiality, evilness, and cruelty in the Korean war. However, the American imperialists miscalculated and were unable to make our people surrender.

The Fatherland Liberation War, which was started by the American imperialists, was a severe showdown for our people. It was a difficult confrontation for our young republic and our People's Army, which had just developed as a regular military force, to fight against the American imperialist aggressors who boasted of being the "strongest" in the world.

However, our people and People's Army fought bravely in the war against American imperialism with the conviction that they could and had to win.

Under the leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, who is the superior military strategist and the invincible leader of steel, our people and the brave soldiers of the People's Army defended with their lives every inch of the fatherland's soil and demonstrated incomparable courage and mass heroism to smash at every step the maneuverings of the American imperialists and finally to achieve the shining victory of the Fatherland Liberation War.

The great victory of our people in the Fatherland Liberation War was a tremendously significant historical event in safeguarding the independence of country and nation and in keeping peace in Asia and the world.

The political and military defeat of the American imperialists in the Korean war showed clearly that they could not, by army means, break the power of the Korean people and military and that they could never realize their aggressive ambitions in Korea.

The American imperialists should have learned a lesson and withdrawn their evil hand of aggression from our country. However, the American imperialits still occupy South Korea and they strive even more frantically as time goes by to realize somehow their ambition of making all of Korea their colony. Due to such maneuverings by the American imperialists, our country remains divided and the situation is growing more tense.

It is the firm and immovable will of our people and our People's Army to remove the aggressive forces of American imperialism from South Korea and achieve without fail the historical cause of the reunification of the fatherland.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught as follows:

"The Korean People's Army and the Korean people will unfailingly oppose the aggressive maneuvering of the American imperialists and their lackeys, continue to carry out a strong struggle, disrupting and destroying the enemies' war provocation plots and safeguarding peace in Korea, and achieving the historical cause of the reunification of the Fatherland." ("Kim II-song Selected Works" vol 22 p 1)

Our party and the government of our republic have set forth a most rational and realistic plan for the reunification of the fatherland, proceeding from a standpoint of love of peace and one of national interest.

The Sixth Party Congress of the Korean Workers Party (KWP) again raised the issue of changing the armistice to a peace treaty for the purpose of removing the danger of war from our country and set forth guidelines for establishing the confederal republic of Koryo and reunifying the fatherland. These guidelines have received great internal and external support and praise for their propriety and rationality.

However, our proper reunification plan has not been realized due to the new war provocations and the policy of national division of the American imperialists and their lackeys.

The American imperialists have answered our proper reunification plan with their maneuvering for "two Koreas" and have responded to our peaceful and friendly initiatives with a strengthening of their new war provocations.

The new war provocations of the American imperialists have now reached a very ominous stage.

The American imperialists have recklessly and systematically violated the armistice agreement while continuously strengthening their army of occupation as well as the South Korean puppet military and have brought in large amounts of murderous military equipment, including nuclear weapons. Thus South Korea has been transformed literally into a great powder magazine for war, into a nuclear war base.

The joint military exercise "Team Spriti 83" carried out by the American imperialists this year was the direct product of an aggressive policy to cause a new war in Korea and visit nuclear holocaust upon our people. This military exercise, as a staged escalation of the criminal war maneuverings against us, brought the situation in the Korean Peninsula to the brink of war and constituted war preliminaries for attacking the republican northern half at any monent.

The supreme command of the Korean People's Army sent down orders for the whole military and the whole people to enter a semiwartime state in preparation for the grave situation of the approaching danger of war, due

to the rash military provocations of the American imperialists. Our self-defense measures hindered and destroyed the adventuresome aggressive attempt of the American imperialists and contributed greatly to safe-guarding the peace of Korea and the world.

Running into our whole country, whole people defense posture in which we adopted the militant posture of using all means to beat back any aggression, and stepped forth to defend as a bastion the sky, land, and seas of the fatherland, the Americain imperialists did not dare to attack. This is a strong demonstration of the great political power of our people and People's Army who are unified and solidified strongly around the pasty and the great leader, of our powerful self-protective national defense forces which can reliably defend the socialist system and the gains of the revolution.

Even now the American imperialists are openly proclaiming that South Korea is the "central area" of their Asian strategy while they continue to concentrate massive military forces in the area of the Korean Peninsula and they are continuously carrying out various war exercises and military provocations along with the puppet clique of South Korea. In particular, the American imperialists are furthering their machinations for an American-Japanese-South Korean triangular military alliance while trying to bring the Japanese reactionaries aboard their war wagon. The American imperialist aggressors have dispatched many nuclear weapons to South Korea while speaking of "limited nuclear warfare" and "preemptive nuclear strikes" in Korea and now they are trying to develop the most savage murderous weapon, the neutron bomb which has been rejected even by their European allies.

They claim that these maneuvers are for safeguarding "the peace and security of the Korean Peninsula, and for protecting their "national interest." This is no more than a shamless, theiving excuse to rationalize their maneuverings to keep South Korea as their eternal colonial base in Asia and to rule all of Korea. All these facts show clearly that American imperialists are indeed the ones who are blocking the reunification of Korea, that they are the constsnt source of the danger of war in Korea, and that they are the most bestial and shame aggressors.

It is American imperialism that brought the tragedy of national division to our people, and it is American imperialism that is now maneuvering to bring nuclear holocaust to the Korean people. We cannot hope for national reunification as long as the American imperialists are left in South Korea and we cannot think of Korean, Asian, or world peace.

The Korean people will never accept the eternally unforgiveable crimes perpetrated on our people by the American imperialists and will unfailingly drive the aggressive forces of American imperialism from South Korea and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland.

The American imperialists msut clearly understand that they can never realize their ambitions in Korea through any means or method.

The power of our people and our people's military has grown incomparably stronger over the time of the Fatherland Liberation War. Today, more than ever, we have the invincible political ideological strength forming an impenetrable cordon around the party and the leader, and we constitute a"1-a-match-for-100" revolutionary armed force with rich experience, tempered in arduous struggle.

By shiningly fulfilling the guideline for the conversion of the whole military to the chuche ideology under the leadership of the Party Center, the Korean People's Army has grown strong and become invincible armed ranks which are ready to rush into flame or water to carry out unconditionally the orders of the party and the leader, are ready to destroy with one blow any enemy who may attack, and ready stoutly to defend the party cause.

The ideological condition of the soldiers of our People's Army is very good and our whole country has been transformed into a fortress of cliffs.

The American imperialists must clearly recognize reality and the current trend in the development of the situation, gather up all their murderous weapons, and get out of Wouth Korea without delay.

All of the aggressive and provocative maneuverings of the American imperialists since the Korean war have ended in their severe defeat and our shining victory. This shows clearly that there is no one in the world who can withstand the inexhaustible strength of our people and our People's Army who have stepped forth resolutely to protect stoutly the freedom and independence of the fatherland and our national autonomy as well as to achieve the reunification of our country.

The American imperialists must learn the necessary lesson from these historical facts and behave disciminately. If the imperialist aggressors provoke a new war in Korea, in spite of our repeated warnings, they will not be able to avoid their fate of destruction. The new war provocations of the American imperialists in Korea can bring nothing but their own destruction.

The whole officers and men of the People's Army must prepare against the American imperialists indiscriminate aggression and war provocations and must assemble their units' combat force and make combat preparations even more thoroughly.

Our people and our People's Army must gather stoutly around the Party Central Committee, headed by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to smash firmly any aggression and war provocation of the American imperialists and their lackeys, and achieve without fail the historical cause of the reunification of the fatherland.

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N. KOREA/ECONOMY

EDITORIAL STRESSES NEED FOR COMPLETION OF AGRARIAN THESES' TASKS

Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 7 Jun 83 p 1

[Editorial: "Loyalty Upholding the Guidelines of the Party, Let Us Step Up Socialist Rural Construction"]

[Text] Under the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the energetic guidance of the glorious Party Center today in our country socialist rural construction is being pushed forward at an extraordinarily high rate of speed and a ceaseless upsurge is happening in agricultural production.

In the rural areas, tasks of the three revolutions--ideological, technological, and cultural--are being successfully carried out.

Today the functionaries and working people of the rural economic branch, engraving in their hearts infinite loyalty to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the Party Center, are displaying the lofty revolutionary ethos of unconditionally embracing the line and guidelines of the party, unconditionally and thoroughly carrying them through.

Again, with the technological revolution and the cultural revolution energetically launched, the material and technical foundations of the rural economy have been thoroughly laid, and the overall technical and cultural standards of the agricultural workers have improved by far. At present in the rural areas of our country modern farm machinery is lessening the backbreaking work of thepeasants, and with the production and delivery in large quantities of chemical products for agricultural use such as chemical fertilizer and agricultural chemicals, a great advance has been registered in the industrialization, modernization of agriculture.

In agricultural production, too, great strides have been made in growth. In our country, even amid the continued extreme effects of the cold front a high growth rate of grain production has been achieved year after year, and last year the prideful achievement of scoring a high of 9.5 million tons of grain was recorded.

Truly today our has all become affluent, civilized rural areas, and a fleet steed, Chollima capable of dynamically racing forward toward the high hill of Communism.

These victories, won in socialist rural construction altogether are what positively proves the correctness and shining vitality of the "Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country" by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and of the guidelines of our party for carrying it through.

We have come to have a firm faith through practical experience that the guidelines of our party for socialist rural construction are indeed the unitarily correct road of socialist rural construction and that when we, loyally upholding the sagacious leadership of the party, go forward thoroughly to carry out the task of the socialist agrarian theses, we will be able to resolve once and ofr all the questions of agriculture and the peasantry and turn our rural areas into a prosperous place where it is more enjoyable to work and good to live: a communist paradise.

Today we are faced with an important task thoroughly to execute the guidelines of our party for socialist rural construction.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song today is still energetically leading the struggle completely to realize the task of the agrarian theses. For this year alone, at many important conferences and in his on-the-spot guidance for various rural areas such as Ch'ongsan Cooperative Farm the great leader Comrade Kim II-song has given his instructions for scoring a high of 15 million tons of grain ahead of schedule by more energetically stepping up socialist rural construction and more commendably conducting farming.

Our party, unfurling bold operational plans with a view to carrying through the teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, has taken important steps and measures one after another.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Today our party is faced with the glorious yet heavy duty of thoroughly revolutionizing, classifying the peasants into working classes based on the achievements already scored in socialist rural construction and quickly industrialize, modernize agriculture and solve the agrarian question once and for all, converting cooperative ownership to ownership by all of the people." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 8, p 126)

In the present period an important task of socialist rural construction which has been put in the forefront by our party is positively to step up the industrialization, modernization of agriculture, thoroughly organize the rural position, and further consolidate and develop the socialist rural economic system. In these guidelines of the party the demands of the law of socialist rural construction and the realistic demands for an epochal growth of agricultural production are embodied, and the stern will of our party to solve the agrarian question once and for all is contained.

Thoroughly to carry through the guidelines of our party for socialist rural construction represents a crucial task to score ahead of schedule a high of 15 million tons of grain set by the Sixth Party Congress and step up overall socialist construction.

As the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught, the grain target is one that must be met with priority in attaining the 10 major prospective targest of socialist economic construction.

Rice is precisely Communism. Only if a lot of rice is produced and the people's stomachs are filled, is it possible to go forward and push ahead successfully with socialist, communist construction, and only when it becomes possible to supply rice according to needs, will it be possible to realize the communist society.

Deeply bearing in mind the intent of the party and the leader to realize communist distribution first in the supply of rice to the people, we must industrialize, modernize agriculture and strengthen the rural areas politically and ideologically, and energetically launch the struggle to improve the work of management and operation of cooperative farms; only by so doing can we go forward successfully to carry out the task of socialist rural construction and bring about another great upsurge in the production of agricultural products such as grain.

For us to go forward, loyally upholding the guidelines of our party, to step up socialist rural construction constitutes one of the importnat tasks which we must necessarily resolve on the road of winning the complete victory of socialism and converting the whole society to the chuche ideology.

At present in the rural areas of our country a superior rural economic system is in place and a reliable rural position has been organized. If we were to strengthen further the rural areas in political ideological terms, in material and technical terms, and highly promote the superiority of the rural economic system, we would be able to score greater achievements in socialist rural construction and overall socialist construction.

It is a rewarding and glorious task indeed to struggle to liberate completely even from backbreaking labor, the peasants who have been freed from exploitation and oppression, and build ahead of schedule a developed society free of the distinctions between the urban and rural areas, free of the class distinctions between the working class and the peasantry.

All of the functionaries of government organs and agricultural guidance organs and the agricultural workers must launch more vigorously into the struggle thoroughly to carry through the guidelines of the party for socialist rural construction, and every one of them must become a victor in this struggle.

Above all, the functionaries of government organs and agricultural guidance organs, with an intense revolutionary awareness and sense of responsibility to respond with loyalty to the implicit political trust and concern of the party and the leader, must devotedly struggle thoroughly to carry through the guidelines of the party.

In the rural areas, the ideological revolution, the technological revolution, the cultural revolution must be launched energetically.

Only by energetically launching the three revolutions—ideological, technological, and cultural—in the rural areas, is it possible to further consolidate and develop the socialist rural economic system and go forward to eliminate successfully the distinctions between the urban and rural areas, the class distinctions between the working class and the peasantry.

Continuing to go forward thoroughly to carry through the three revolutions—ideological, technological, and cultural—with a tight grip on them is where an important guarantee for successfully solving the agrarian question and making agricultural production rapidly grow lies.

All of the functionaries of government organs and agricultural guidance organs, deeply recognizing that the three revolutions are a struggle to liquidate the legacies of the old society in the ideological, technological, cultural areas and create a new communist ideology and technology, and culture, a struggle which constitutes the content of the continuing revolution conducted in the socialist society, must dynamically launch the movement to win the Red Flag of three revolutions and go forward to step up the ideological, technological, cultural revolutions at a faster pace.

It is imperative to give a firm priority to the ideological revolution.

Functionaries of the rural economic branch, substantially launching, under the guidance and assistance of party organizations and three revolutions teams, the efficacy struggle to learn from the example of the leading characters in a feature film "A Fiery Heart," must strive to make the agricultural workers hold infinite loyalty to the party and the leader and highly display the revolutionary ethos of resolutely protecting and unconditionally carrying through the line and guidelines of the party to the end.

Today what is important in the rural technological revolution is stepping up the industrialization, modernization of agriculture and liberating the peasants from backbreaking labor.

In order to realize the comprehensive mechanization of the rural economy, it is imperative to produce and deliver the necessary farm machinery in greater quantities. Guidance functionaries of the relevant branch and functionaries of the relevant factories and enterprises, correctly understanding that the rural technological revolution is not a simple

economic technical task but an important political task to increase agricultural production and liberate the peasants from backbreaking labor, and taking the stand of assuming responsibility for the rural technological revolution, must design, manufacture and deliver to the rural areas various kinds of modern farm machinery and simple yet efficient farm implements in greater quantities.

Because of the great concern of the party large quantities of modern farm machinery and farm implements have now been delivered to cooperative farms. If all of the precious farm machinery and farm implements were to be utilized more effectively, it would be possible to spend less labor by that much to do the same work more rapidly, more handily.

The question depends on the viewpoint and stand of the guidance functionaries. As was seen in this year's battle of rice transplanting, all the cooperative farms—where the functionaries and three revolutions teams members, embracing the determination of our party comprehensively to mechanize rice transplanting, had earnestly, persistently struggled for the realization—utilized existing tractors, existing rice seedling picking machines, existing rice transplanting machines in every qossible way and completely mechanized all tasks such as harrowing, rice seedling picking and rice transplanting; and by so doing they qualitatively completed rice transplanting in a shorter period even as they saved a lot of labor.

All of the functionaries of the rural economic branch and the agricultural workers must positively struggle with an intense party spirit, working class character, and people-mindedness earnestly to operate the modern farm machinery and farm implements already supplied to them, eliminate manual labor in every process of farming, and mechanize it.

In order to step up the comprehensive mechanization of the rural economy, it is also imperative energetically to launch the land readjustment work and convert patches of rice paddy or dry field to standard cultivated fields, and conduct on a planned basis study and training among the youth and the middle aged to make them acquire technical knowledge and operating method of various kinds of farm machinery.

All of the agricultural guidance organs and cooperative farm management committees also must substantially exercise technical guidance with a view to conducting farming earnestly, assiduously in terms of science and technology in accordance with the demands of the chuche farming method. In particular, they must establish a scientific fertilizer administration method on the one hand and produce a lot of quality compost and cultivate green manure crops, and pay attention to increasing the fertility of soil, extensively tilling the soil.

In order to step up socialist rural construction, it is imperative to improve and strengthen the work of management and operation of cooperative farms.

Today our agricultural cooperative economy system is a superior socialist collective economy congruent with the character and level of agricultural productive forces and the developmental extent of ideological consciousness of the farm members in the present stage. The functionaries of agricultural guidance organs at all levels, by further deepening enterprise-oriented guidance to suit the demands of the new agricultural guidance system whose superiority has already been displayed to the hilt through real life, must quickly uplift the standard of management and operation of cooperative farms onto the standard of the advanced enterprise management.

Starting from the transitional character of the socialist society, it is the principles which must necessarily be maintained strictly to observe the rules and regulations of the cooperative farm, precisely implement the sub-work team system and the system for the preferential treatment of work teams, and correctly assess the days worked for the quantity and quality of labor performed by the farm members.

Another importnat question to which attention must be paid in the guidance and management of cooperative farms is that of making scientific and rationalizing their management activities.

Agricultural guidance organs at all levels and cooperative farm management committees, closely determining the utilization of farm machinery and labor, and the cost expended per unit of cultivated field, must precisely set their norms and correctly create a standard farming method.

In order to step up socialist rural construction, it is imperative to further strengthen the rural position.

It is the masses of agricultural workers who are in direct charge of socialist rural construction and agricultural production. The more thoroughly the ranks of agricultural workers are organized in both political ideological and labor terms, the better the policy of the party is carried through and the more energetically the three revolutions—ideological, technological, and cultural—come to be stepped up in the rural areas. Today under conditions that the change of generations is taking place in the rural areas, only by going forward to continue thoroughly to organize the rural position is it possible to firmly insure the continuity of generations of the revolution in the rural areas following the leadership of the party and go forward to solve the agrarian question once and for all.

The government organs and agricultural guidance organs must continue to put great efforss into the work of thoroughly organizing the rural position. In this way they must turn into the main force of the agricultural front the youth and the middle aged who are infinitely faithful to the party and the leader and prepared in technical and cultural terms, and strive to enhance their role in rural construction. And they must go forward to bring up all of the farm members as revolutionary soldiers infinitely loyal to the party and the leader, strengthening ideological indoctrination work among them and commendably conducting work with people.

Today the functionaries of government organs and agricultural guidance organs and the functionaries of cooperative farms are faced with the important duty to go forward responsibly to execute the guidelines of the party for socialist rural construction.

When all of the functionaries of government organs and agricultural guidance organs, and cooperative farms admirably discharge this glorious duty assigned by the party, the rural areas of our country will be blossoming infull bloom as a better place to live and to work—an infinitely affluent and happy people's paradise.

Let one and all, by dynamically moving forward with the might of unity and solidarity of chuche Korea more firmly united around the party Central Committee headed by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, completely realize the tasks of the agrarian theses and win a new greater victory in socialist rural construction.

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N. KOREA/ECONOMY

CHEMICAL FIBER OUTPUT UP

Pyongyang THE PYONGYANG TIMES in English 29 Jul 83 p 3

[Article by Kim Byong Ho]

[Text]

In the chemical industry a great deal of effort now goes into developing the chemical fibre industry in accordance with the decision of the Seventh Plenary Meeting of the Sixth Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea (June 1983).

The great leader President Kim II Sung had this to say:

"The production of various chemical goods including synthetic fibres, plastics and chemical fertilizers must be decisively boosted by improving and reinforcing chemical factories and operating them to capacity."

In the chemical industry various chemical fibres such as vinalon, staple fibre, rayon yarn. Orlon and movilon are now produced in large quantities by reequipping and reinforcing the existing chemical

factories and operating them at top capacity.

This year the DPRK Government allotted to the chemical industry 1.2 times as much fund as in 1982. After the recent plenary meeting it has taken steps to preferentially supply raw materials and fuel to the chemical fibre industry.

Great efforts are channelled into reinforcing the vinalon industry built in reliance on the raw materials and fuel rich in our country.

Preparations are stepped up full blast to build a large vinalon factory with the production capacity of 100,000 tons in the Sunchon district. Meanwhile, the February 8 Vinalon Complex is increasing production on a large scale.

The complex has considerably shortened the time of out-

flow of carbide and daily produces an additional 200-odd tons of carbide above the planned assignment.

Every day the fibre workshop of this complex produces scores of tons more of vinalon than the original quota.

The Chongjin and Sinuiju Chemical Fibre Mills and many others have registered signal successes in boosting production with the existing capacity.

The workers, technicians and the three-revolution-team members of the Sinuiju Chemical Fibre Mill have increased the average daily output of staple fibre 1.3 times as compared with the time before the plenary meeting, by actively applying new technical innovation devices to production.

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

KIM CHONG-IL ROLE IN DEVELOPING ART NOTED

SK131101 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1044 GMT 13 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 13 (KCNA) -- Korean literature and art have made a fast development in keeping with the realities of the prospering socialist homeland.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught:

"With the brilliant materialization of our party's Chucheoriented thoughts and unique policy on literature and art, a great revolutionary change has taken place in every sphere of literature and art, and numerous literary and art works of high ideological and artistic value, including revolutionary films, operas, dramas, stories and novels, have been created."

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song founded the original idea of literature and art and gave origin to the Chuche-oriented literature and art during the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle. After the liberation he has wisely led our literature and art to develop them into Chuche-based literature and are serving the Korean revolution. As a result, a new socialist national culture and art has developed in our country after liberation.

Under the wise guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il a great revolutionary turn was effected in the development of literature and art in the 1970's in Korea to bring about a great heyday of Chuche-oriented literature and art.

The dear leader founded unique idea and theory on the man-centred literature and art by embodying the Chuche-based idea of literature and art of the great leader and established a new creative system and method and brought literature and art into full bloom with unremitting energetic guidance.

Today, in Korea, all spheres of literature and art such as literature, film, opera, music, drama, dance, fine art and circus have entered a new and high phase.

A proud achievement made in the building of the Chuche-oriented literature and art is the brilliant representation on the artistic canvas of the glorious and brilliant history of the revolutionary activities of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, his sagacity of leadership and noble virtues.

The typical monumental masterpieces include the feature films "Fire Spreading All Over the Land," "Mt. Paektu" and "Star of Uorea" and the long novels "1932," "At the Foot of Mt Paektu" among the cyclic novels "The Immortal History."

The problem of portraying the great leader of the working class was brilliantly solved in the course of producing a large number of revolutionary films depicting the brilliant revolutionary history and the great traits of the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

The cause of adapting the immortal classic masterpieces created in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle for various forms of literature and art such as film, opera, drama and novel has been brilliantly accomplished.

With the filmization of "Sea of Blood," "The Flower Girl" and "Fate of a Self-Defence Corps Member," immortal classics, imperishable monumental models of revolutionary film art were created and the revolutionary tradition of film art was established. Moreover, the successful adaptation of these undying classics for opera and drama brought into being the new revolutionary opera of "Sea of Blood" style in which the stanzaised songs and Pangchang, national dance and stage decor are organically combined and the new revolutionary drama of "Mountain Shrine" style were created to fulfil opera and drama revolutions.

Many works on themes of the revolutionary traditions and socialist reality have been produced.

Besides, monumental works of art such as the "Grand Monument on Mansudae Hill" and the "Grand Monument on the Lake Samji" and objects of various genres such as paintings, mainly Korean paintings, works of applied art and embroidery have been created in large numbers.

Circus and mass literature and art have also made a rapid progress.

The brilliantly efflorescing and developing literature and art of Korea actively contribute to the cause of modelling the whole of society on the Chuche idea and evoke a storm of repercussions upon the world people.

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

KOREANS IN JAPAN CELEBRATE 15 AUGUST 'LIBERATION'

SK180432 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 18 Aug 83

[Text] Tokyo, August 16 (KNS-KCNA)--A meeting of Koreans in Japan celebrating the 38th anniversary of the August 15 liberation and the 10th anniversary of the formation of the National Congress for the restoration of democracy in South Korea and the promotion of unification ("Hanmintong") and opposing the South Korea-U.S.-Japan military alliance was held in Tokyo on August 14 under the sponsorship of the Japan headquarters of "Hanmintong."

Addressing the meeting, Kim Chae-hwa, chairman of the Japan headquarters of "Hanmintong," stressed that it is necessary to clearly realize that the U.S. imperialists are the very one increasing the danger of war in Korea, and called for a more vigorous struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces from South Korea and for indpendence, democracy and unification.

In a lecture Pae Tong-ho, permanent adviser to the Japan headquarters of "Hanmintong," emphasized that all the compatriots in Japan should direct every effort to the struggle against outside forces and for national independence. As an immediate task for this, he pointed out, a powerful struggle should be waged to check and frustrate the Japanese and South Korean tour of Reagan aimed at starting new aggression and war on the Korean peninsula and framing up a triangular military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea.

Indignation speeches were made at the meeting by compatriots under the influence of the "ROK Residents Association in Japan" ("Mindan").

A "Declaration of Struggle Against Outside Forces and for Defence of National Independence" adopted at the meeting called upon all the patriotic compatriots to achieve great unity in the struggle against outside forces and for defence of national independence.

It also appealed to them to overthrow the military fascist "regime" which is maintained only with the encouragement and backing of the outside forces and expel the treacherous comprador forces.

BRIEFS

CHONGNYON VISITORS LEAVE WONSAN--Pyongyang, 12 Aug--The cameramen's delegation of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by Kim Chong-il, a section chief of the CHOSON SINBO; the delegation of Korean students studying at Japanese high schools headed by Son Chin-su, a section chief of the Central Standing Committee of the League of Korean Youth in Japan; the Korean children's soccer team in Japan headed by Yu Pyong-nyon, principal of the Seiban Korean primary and middle school; and the 55th short-term home-visiting group of Koreans in Japan headed by Chang In-su, a section chief of the Kanagawa prefectural headquarters of Chongnyon, left Wonsan yesterday by the ship "Samjiyon" after visiting the socialist homeland. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2207 GMT 11 Aug 83 SK]

KOREAN TRADER--Pyongyang, 10 Aug--Kim Pak-sa, managing director of the Nakasugi Association of Traders and Industrialists in Tokyo under the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), arrived here Tuesday by air for a visit to the socialist homeland. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2211 CMT 9 Aug 83 SK]

KOREAN EDUCATORS IN PYONGYANG --Pyongyang, 9 Aug--A delegation of Korean educationists in Japan headed by Yi Song-pil, section chief of the Miyagi prefectural headquarters of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), a delegation of men of literature and art under Chongnyon headed by Choe Hwan-chu, general director of the Korean Literature and Art Publishing House, and the 56th short-term home-visiting group of Koreans in Japan headed by Yi Sang-yong, vice-chairman of the Gifu prefectural headquarters of Chongnyon, arrived in Wonsan by the ship "Samjiyon" Monday morning for a visit to the socialist homeland. The delegation of Korean educationists in Japan and the delegation of men of literature and art under Chongnyon arrived in Pyongyang in the afternoon. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2204 GMT 8 Aug 83 SK]

KOREAN STUDENT VISITORS—Pyongyang, 8 Aug—Comrade Hwang Chang—yop on August 7 met the delegation of Korean students studying at Japanese high schools headed by Son Chin—su, a section chief of the Central Standing Committee of the League of Korean Youth in Japan, on a visit to the socialist homeland and had a talk with it in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. Present on the occasion was Kim Chu—yong, director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0347 GMT 8 Aug 83 SK]

KOREAN STUDENTS IN JAPAN--Pyongyang, 3 Aug--The Administration Council arranged a party yesterday in honor of the delegation of Korean students studying at Japanese high schools on a visit to the socialist homeland. The party was addressed by Kim Chu-yong, director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs, and head of the delegation Son Chin-su, director of a department of the Central Standing Committee of the League of Korean Youth in Japan. The attendants raised glasses to the good health and long life of the great leader of our party and our people Comrade Kim I1-song. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1001 GMT 3 Aug 83 SK]

KOREAN EDUCATION WORKERS IN JAPAN--Pyongyang, 5 Aug--The Administration Council arranged a banquet at the Chongnyu restaurant on the evening of August 4 in honor of the delegation of Korean educational workers in Japan headed by Yi Chang-chun, instructor of the educational department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, on a visit to the socialist homeland. Present on the occasion were Yo Yon-ku, Kim Chu-yong, Kim Sang-chol and personages concerned. The banquet was addressed by director of the Choguk Publishing House Kim Sang-chol and head of the delegation Yi Chang-chun. The attendants at the banquet raised glasses to the good health and long life of the great leader of our party and our people Comrade Kim Il-song. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2208 GMT 4 Aug 83 SK]

CHONGNYON VISITORS IN PYONGYANG--A delegation of functionaries of the Korean Medical Workers Association in Japan headed by Yu Sun-pong, director of the Konghwa Hospital of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), arrived in Pyongyang on August 12 by plane for a visit to the socialist homeland. The Administration Council feted the delegation in the evening. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0411 GMT 13 Aug 83 SK]

CHONGNYON PUBLISHES BOOK--Tokyo, 10 Aug (KNS-KCNA)--"Glory of the Nation," a book highly lauding the greatness and wise leadership of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, was recently published by the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon). This book saw the light in accordance with the unanimous desire of the entire Chongnyon functionaries and Korean residents in Japan to actively learn from the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il. [Text] [SK131050 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0815 GMT 13 Aug 83]

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG SENDS, RECEIVES GREETINGS

Greets Congolese President

SK121630 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1536 GMT 12 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 12 (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il—song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings on August 12 to Colonel Denis Sassou Nguesso, chairman of the Central Committee of the Congolese Party of Labour, president of the republic, head of state, and chairman of the Council of Ministers, on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the victory in the August revolution.

The message reads:

On behalf of our party, government and people and on my own, I extend warm congratulations to you, the Central Committee of the Congolese Party of Labour and the government and people of the People's Republic of the Congo on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the victory in the August Revolution, national holiday of the Congolese people.

The victory in the August revolution in the Congo opened a broad road for the Congolese people to build a new life.

Since the victory of the revolution, the Congolese people have vigorously advanced along the road of socialism pulling through twists and turns.

Today they are changing the looks of the country while liquidating the consequences of the colonial rule and developing the national economy and culture under the correct leadership of the Congolese Party of Labour headed by you.

The Korean people rejoice over the successes made by the fraternal Congolese people and sincerely wish you greater success in your struggle for carrying out the first five-year plan for socio-economic development.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I express my conviction that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two peoples which were further deepened through our significant meeting in Pyongyang in March will continue to expand and develop in all fields in the future.

Receives Reply From Poland's Jaruzelski

SK130507 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0403 GMT 13 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 13 (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim II—song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Wojciech Jaruzelski, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party, and Henryk Jablonski, president of the State Council of the Polish People's Republic, in reply to his message of greetings to the latter on the occasion of the 39th anniversary of the resurrection of Poland.

The reply message dated August 4 reads:

On behalf of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party, the State Council and the Council of Ministers of the Polish People's Republic and the Polish people and on our own, we express warm thanks to you and to the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people for the wishes and felicitations extended us by you on the occasion of the 39th anniversary of the resurrection of Poland.

We firmly believe that the mutually beneficial relations between Poland and Korea characterized by genuine comradeship will continue to grow stronger and develop in the future, too.

We wholeheartedly wish you respected comrade good health and a long life and the Korean people more successes in their struggle against imperialists' interference in Korea and for the preservation of peace on the Korean peninsula and reunification of the country.

Greets Gabonese President

SK161612 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1540 GMT 16 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 16 (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on August 15 sent a message of greetings to El Hadj Omar Bongo, president of the Republic of Gabon, on the occasion of the 23rd anniversary of the independence of Gabon.

The message reads:

I, in the name of the government and people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and myself, extend warm felicitations to your excellency and to your government and people on the occasion of the 23rd anniversary of the independence of Gabon.

Believing that the friendly relations between our two countries will grow stronger and develop in the future, I wish success to you in your work and prosperity to your country.

Greets Suharto of Indonesia

SK161605 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1537 GMT 16 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 16 (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il—song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on August 16 sent a message of greetings to General Suharto, president of the Republic of Indonesia, on the occasion of the 38th anniversary of the independence of the Republic of Indonesia.

The message reads:

On the 38th anniversary of independence of the Republic of Indonesia I warmly congratulate your excellency and your government and people on behalf of the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own.

Believing that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries will further develop in future, I heartily wish you and your people greater successes in work for prosperity of the country.

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

GUINEAN PRESIDENT RECEIVES VISITING DPRK DELEGATION

Government Delegation Met

SK151050 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0905 GMT 15 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 15 (KCNA)--Guinean President Ahmed Sekou Toure on August 11 met the government delegation of our country headed by Kim Chae-pong, vice-minister of foreign affairs.

The head of the delegation conveyed a personal letter and cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president.

The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey his whole-hearted greetings to the great leader.

The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

Present on the occasion were the DPRK ambassador and the Guinean foreign minister.

That day the president arranged a luncheon for the delegation.

Sekou Tours Delivers Speech

SK160421 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0348 GMT 16 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 16 (KCNA)—The 30th session of the Conakry District Revolutionary Council was held on August 11 in the capital of Guinea.

The Korean Government delegation headed by Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Kim Chae-pong on a visit to Guinea was invited to the session by Ahmed Sekou Toure, president of the Guinean Revolutionary People's Republic.

At the session the Guinean president made a speech in welcome of the Korean Government delegation.

In his speech the Guinean president said:

As we have already said, the purpose of the Korean revolution is completely identical with that of the Guinean revolution. This is because the two countries are struggling in defence of the nation's Chajusong (independence) and unity.

Korea is a country which has achieved her development by her own efforts and is struggling for the peaceful reunification of the country.

We express our deep admiration first of all for the enthusiasm of the Korean people for labour. Though all sorts of difficulties cropped up on the road ahead of her, Korea exhibited the highest sense of responsibility and staunch will in various domains. As a result, Korea has developed her economy and achieved the prosperity of the country in a very brief period.

Agriculture is the basic domain for ensuring the normal life of the entire people. Today Korea comes first in the world in agriculture.

Korea is making the best of the country's natural resources and exports grain every year.

We also know that Korea is a country with a daily developing industry.

In recent years we have visited Korea on various occasions. What we were impressed most deeply during our visit to Korea is that in this country all social benefits are practically ensured to the entire people.

The Korean people practically contribute to all the liberation movements of the world people and unconditionally support the just cause.

We admire Korea's disinterested aid to the Third World countries.

The great leader President Kim Il-song sent the delegation to us thousands of kilometres away. This is precisely based on this spirit of cooperation.

The Kim Il-song Institute of Agricultural Science founded in Guinea has a mission to greatly contribute to the training of all agricultural personnel in Africa.

We are well aware that the basic problem of the African continent today is the solution of the problem of food for the African people.

The Kim Il-song Institute of Agricultural Science will boost agriculture in Africa and greatly help us reach the level of self-sufficiency in food.

Concluding his speech, the president once again warmly welcomed the government delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

ZAMBIAN PAPER EXPLAINS KIM CHONG-IL TREATISE

SK121242 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0812 GMT 12 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 12 (KCNA)——A recent issue of the Zambian paper "Zambia Daily Mail" carried an article explaining "On the Chuche Idea," a treatise of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il.

The paper said:

In his immortal classic treatise "On the Chuche Idea" his excellency Kim Chong-il, member of the presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, gave a profound exposition of the question that the popular masses are the subject of social history by applying to social history the philosophical principle of the Chuche idea that man is the master of everything and decides everything.

Only when the working class and other strata of the popular masses receive the correct leadership of the working-class party and the leader can they become conscious and organized and successfully discharge their historical mission for building socialism and communism.

Ours today is a new era in which the popular masses once exploited and oppressed have appeared on the world scene as its masters and are transforming the world in conformity with their desire and demand and shaping a new history of mankind. This is an irresistible basic trend of the present time. This has clearly proved the truth, validity and invincible vitality of the principle that the popular masses are the subject of social history.

By putting forth the original idea on the subject of social history, the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il laid a more solid theoretical basis of the historical view of Chuche, a new outlook on social history with the working masses in its centre, convincingly proved its originality and greatness and provided a firm guarantee for powerfully accelerating the development of social history by constantly enhancing the position and role of the popular masses, the subject of social history.

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

ZIMBABWEAN PRIME MINISTER MEETS DPRK DELEGATION

SK140901 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0853 GMT 14 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 14 (KCNA)—Zimbabwean Prime Minister Robert G. Mugabe on August 9 met with the government delegation of our country headed by Kim Chae-sok, vice-minister of foreign affairs.

The head of the delegation conveyed a personal letter and cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the prime minister.

Expressing deep thanks for this, the prime minister asked the head of the delegation to convey his heartfelt thanks and greetings to the great leader.

The prime minister expressed satisfaction with the favorable development of friendly relations between Zimbabwe and Korea.

It is an invariable policy of the Zimbabwean Government to support the policies for national reunification put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, he stressed, and said:

The stand of the Zimbabwean Government is clear and firm.

The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere.

Present on the occasion were personages concerned and the Korean ambassador to Zimbabwe.

SYRIAN PRESIDENT MEETS DPRK DELEGATION

SK112227 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2204 GMT 11 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 12 (KCNA)—Syrian President Hafiz Al-Assd on August 8 met the government delegation of our country headed by Kim Yong-sop, vice-minister of foreign affairs.

The head of the delegation conveyed a personal letter and cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president.

The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey his wholehearted warm greetings to the great leader.

Saying that he would always remember his historical meeting with his excellency President Kim Il-song, the great leader, and the warm hospitality he received from the industrious Korean people during his visit to Korea, he expressed satisfaction with the favorable development of the friendly relations between Syria and Korea.

The government and people of Syria will in the future, too, actively support the Korean people in their struggle for the country's reunification.

The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

WPK CENTRAL COMMITTEE GREETS GUYANA PARTY

SK140846 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0838 GMT 14 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 14 (KCNA)—The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea sent a message of greetings on August 14 to the fifth congress of the People's National Congress of Guyana.

The message says:

The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea warmly congratulates the fifth congress of the People's National Congress of Guyana and extends our warm greetings to the attendants of the congress.

We express firm solidarity with your struggle to attain the independent development of the country in accordance with the line of cooperative socialist construction under the leadership of Comrade President Linden Forbes Sampson Burnham, leader of your party.

Expressing the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between the two parties will further develop more favorably with each passing day, we take this opportunity to heartily wish you big success in the work of your congress and in the struggle for implementing the decision of the party congress in the future.

KIM CHONG-IL RECEIVES LETTERS FROM FOREIGN CREWMEN

SK161151 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0816 GMT 16 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 16 (KCNA)--The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il received letters from crewmen of the Polish ship "Chemic" and the Iranian ship "Iran Kalam" who held solidarity meetings on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle.

The letter from the Polish crewmen noted that the reunification of Korea should be achieved in accordance with the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song. The U.S. imperialists must give up at once the adventurous nuclear war provocation moves and "two Koreas" plot and immediately withdraw from South Korea, taking along their aggression forces and death-carrying weapons in accordance with the resolution of the 30th U.N. General Assembly session, it said, and stressed:

The U.S. imperialists' aggressive and belligerent moves will be frustrated and Korea be certainly reunified by the heroic struggle of the Korean people under the outstanding and energetic guidance of you the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

In their letter the Iranian crewmen strongly denounced the nuclear war provocation manoeuvres and "two Koreas" plot of the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique and the scheme to frame up the U.S.-Japan-South Korea trilateral military alliance, and demanded the U.S. imperialists to give up at once the heinous criminal plan to ship neutron weapons into South Korea.

The letters sincerely wished the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il good health and a long life.

FILM SHOW HONORS INDIAN INDEPENDENCE DAY

SK151031 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0902 GMT 15 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 15 (KCNA)—A film show was arranged on August 14 at the Chollima House of Culture on the occasion of the 36th anniversary of the independence of India under the sponsorship of the committee for cultural relations with foreign countries and the Korea—India Friendship Association.

Present on the occasion were Kim Pong-chu, chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea and chairman of the Korea-India Friendship Association, O Mun-han, vice-chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and vice-chairman of the Korea-India Friendship Association, and working people in the city. Also present on invitation were S.S. Pradhan charge d'affaires ad interim, and officials, of the Indian Embassy in Pyongyang.

An Indian feature film was screened on the occasion.

BRIEFS

MALTESE CHUCHE DELEGATE--Pyongyang, 4 Aug--Maltese delegate for the study of the Chuche idea John Buttigieg, secretary of the Chuche idea study group of the Melleha Club of the Malta Labour Party and secretary of youth of the Melleha Club of the MLP, and Justin Pierre Thorens, former rector of Geneva University of Switzerland, left Pyongyang yesterday. [Text] [SK050525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0340 GMT 4 Aug 83 SK]

HWANG CHANG-YOP MEETING--Pyongyang, 4 Aug--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on August 3 met and had a friendly conversation with the delegation of researchers of the International Institute of the Chuche Idea headed by Chinya Kawamura, honorary professor of Yokohama State University of Japan who is researcher of the Iijo. [Text] [SK050525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0339 GMT 4 Aug 83 SK]

SOVIET ARMY CALLISTHENIC TEAM--Pyongyang, 9 Aug--A Soviet army callisthenic team arrived here Monday by air. [Text] [SK100519 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 8 Aug 83 SK]

INDIAN COMMUNIST PARTY DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 5 Aug--A delegation of the Communist Party of India headed by Kalishanker Shukla, member of the Central Executive Committee of the National Council of the Party, arrived in Pyongyang by air on August 5. It was met at the airport by Comrade Hwang Chang-yop, secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and Yu Yong-kol, vice-director of a department of the WPK Central Committee. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1542 GMT 5 Aug 83 SK]

UGANDAN DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 5 Aug--The delegation of the Uganda People's Congress headed by J.M.M. Luwuliza Kirunda, general secretary of the Congress and minister of internal affairs, left here for home on August 5 by air. It was farewelled at the airport by Comrade Kim Hwan, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and vice-premier of the administration council, and Yi Hwa-son, vice-director of a department of the WPK Central Committee, and Yi Sang-pyok, vice-minister of public security. While staying in Korea, the delegation visited Mangyongdae and inspected the Tower of Chuche Idea and the Arch of Triumph and went round factories, cooperative farms and other places. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1540 GMT 5 Aug 83 SK]

JAPANESE YOUTH DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 10 Aug--A delegation of the Central Committee for Japan-Korea youth solidarity headed by Haji e Fukada, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party and director of its youth and children's department, arrived in Pyongyang by air on August 9. The Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea hosted a reception on the same day. Yi Yong-su, chairman of the LSWYK Central Committee, and personages concerned were present at the reception. Speeches were made there. The attendants of the reception drank toasts, wishing good health and a long life to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0357 GMT 10 Aug 83 SK]

JAPANESE DELEGATIONS--Pyongyang, 10 Aug--A delegation of the Kanagawa prefectural people, Japan, for supporting the reunification of Korea headed by Fusao Osono, vice-chairman of the Kanagawa prefectural Council of Trade Unions of Japan, and Masahiro Yoshioka, president of the Hokusei Sangyo Company, Ltd. of Japan, arrived in Pyongyang on August 9. Bjorgulv Froyn, chairman of the trade union support committee for the reunification of Korea in Norway; the delegation of the Hokkaido People's Council for Japan-Korea solidarity headed by its chairman Noriyuki Sano; the delegation of the Nigerian Union of Teachers headed by J.O. Itotoh, president of All African Teachers Organisation and national president of the Nigerian Union of Teachers; the delegation for the study of the Chuche idea of Venezuelan University headed by Nelson Gonzalez Sanchez, professor at Zulia University in Maracaibo, Venezuela; and the Romanian, Bulgarian and Hungarian shooting teams which had participated in the International Friendship Junior Shooting Tournament of Socialist Countries held in our country left here on the same day. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0354 GMT 10 Aug 83 SK]

HWANG CHANG-YOP MEETING--Pyongyang, 10 Aug--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on August 9 met and had friendly conversations with the delegation of the West German-Korean Friendship Association headed by its chairman Walfgang Pack, the delegation of Panama University for the study of the Chuche idea headed by Tomas Herrera Caliz, professor of the university, and delegate of Ghana for the study of the Chuche idea Kwesi Jonah, teacher of the University of Ghana. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2209 GMT 9 Aug 83 SK] Pyongyang, 8 Aug--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on August 7 met separately and had friendly talks with the delegation of the Japan Society for the Study of Kimilsongism headed by Hideto Tada and the delegation for the study of the Chuche idea of Venezuelan University headed by Nelson Gonzalez Sanchez, professor at Zuli University in Maracaibo, Venezuela. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2230 GMT 8 Aug 83 SK]

DELEGATIONS ARRIVE, DEPART--Pyongyang, 6 Aug--The delegation of the Korean Moviemen's Union headed by Cha Kye-yong, vice-chairman of its Central Committee, which had visited the Soviet Union, the Korean sports delegation headed by Yi Chang-son, vice-chairman of the Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee, which had visited the GDR and the Korean boxing team which had participated in the 8th summer people's Spartakiad in the Soviet Union returned home on August 5. Shuhachi Inoue, deputy director

general of the International Institute of the Chuche Idea, and his party; Andreas Jorgensen, head of the Institute of East-West Studies of Denmark; a delegation of the study group of the Chuche idea of Comrade Kim Il-song in Austria headed by its chairman Herbert Wabnegg; Dr. M.O.C. Anikpo of the University of Port Harcourt of Nigeria; and Romanian, Hungarian and Czechoslovak teams to participate in the International Friendship Junior Women's Volleyball Tournament of Socialist Countries arrived in Pyongyang yesterday. The delegation of the Aichi prefectural solidarity committee for supporting Korea's reunification headed by Eiichi Yokogoshi, representative member of the Aichi prefectural People's Council for supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and honorary professor at Nagoya University, Japanan Aest; German woman writer Luise Rinser and Prakash Raj Kaphley, editor-in-chief of the Nepalese paper "Prakash" and Nepalese delegate for the study of the Chuche idea, left here yesterday. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English O325 GMT 6 Aug 83 SK]

W. GERMAN DELEGATION LEAVES--Pyongyang, 11 Aug--The delegation of the West German-Korean Friendship Association headed by its chairman Walfgang Pack left here yesterday by air. It was seen off at the airport by Chong Song-chol, vice-president of the Academy of Social Sciences and chairman of the Korean Committee for Friendship with the people of the Federal Republic of Germany, and Pak Yong-si, vice-chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with foreign countries. [Text] [SK120545 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2217 GMT 11 Aug 83 SK]

BRITISH VISITOR--Pyongyang, 11 Aug--Granville V. Stone, secretary general of the British committee for supporting the reunification of Korea, left here for home on August 10 by plane. During his stay in Korea he visited Mangyongdae and went round various places of Pyongyang. [Text] [SK120545 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2206 GMT 10 Aug 83 SK]

DPRK AMBASSADOR TO NEPAL--Pyongyang, 11 Aug--Hwang Tu-ho, DPRK ambassador to Nepal on August 5 paid a farewell call on Birendra Bir Bikram Shah Deva, king of Nepal. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim I1-song to the king. The king expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his wholehearted greetings to the great leader. He wished the Korean people greater success in socialist construction under the wise guidance of the great leader and expressed satisfaction with the favorable development of the friendly and cooperative relations between Nepal and Korea. We will invariably support the Korean people's stand to reunify the country independently and peacefully without foreign interference, he stressed. The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK120541 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0340 GMT 11 Aug 83 SK]

FILM SHOW ON LIBERATION DAY--Pyongyang, 12 Aug--A film show was held on August 11 at the Chollima House of Culture under the sponsorship of the Central Committee of the Korean-Soviet Friendship Society on the occasion of the 38th anniversary of the August 15 liberation. Present there were O Kil-pang and Ham Yong-ho, vice-chairmen of the Central Committee of the

Korean-Soviet Friendship Society and working people in the city. Soviet Ambassador N.M. Shubnikov and officials of his embassy in Pyongyang were invited there. The attendants saw a Korean documentary film and a Soviet feature film. [Text] [SK120541 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0401 GMT 12 Aug 83 SK]

CHINESE INFORMATION GROUP ARRIVES--Pyongyang, 12 Aug (KCNA)--A delegation of the information department of the Foreign Ministry of the People's Republic of China headed by its vice-director Li Juqing arrived in Pyongyang on August 12. [Text] [SK121635 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1543 GMT 12 Aug 83]

DPRK GROUP RETURNS—Pyongyang, 13 Aug—The delegation of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea headed by vice—chairman of its Central Committee Son Ki—hak returned home on August 12 after visiting Tanzania and Burundi. A delegation for the study of the Chuche idea of the University of Guyana headed by Dr. George K. Danns, assistant dean of a faculty of the university; a scholars delegation of the University of Copenhagen of Denmark headed by Karup Pedersen, professor at the university; Maurice Robin, professor at Paris University No. 10 of France; and Lexa Hans, professor of the University of Innsbruck of Austria; arrived in Pyongyang on the same day. The delegation of Mexico State Autonomous University headed by Dr. Jorge Carpizo, director of the Law Institute of the university, left here on August 12. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0416 GMT 13 Aug 83 SK]

FOREIGN GUESTS--Pyongyang, 13 Aug--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on August 12 met separately and had friendly talks with P.T. Sekochewana, president of the Theory and Practice Centre of Kimilsongism in Zimbabwe; the teachers' delegation for the study of the Chuche idea of Tunisia headed by Gouider Sadok, director of Tunis Teachers' University, Tunisial and Hubert Mono Jana, professor at Yaounde University of Cameroon, who is a delegate of the group for the study of the Chuche idea of Cameroon. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0502 GMT 13 Aug 83 SK]

UNESCO DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 14 Aug--A delegation of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) headed by Director-General Amadou-Mahtar M'bow will shortly pay a visit to our country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0841 GMT 14 Aug 83 SK]

JAPANESE DELEGATION--Pyongyang, August--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on August 13 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the Chiba, Japan, prefectural society for the study of the Chuche idea headed by Shoichi Yokobori, secretary general of the Chiba prefectural society for the study of the Chuche idea who is secretary general of the union of high school teachers in Chiba Prefecture, Japan. On hand was Kim U Chong, vice-chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0847 GMT 14 Aug 83 SK]

GDR DELEGATION—Pyongyang, 16 Aug—A delegation of "Neues Deutschland," organ of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany, headed by Kathe Stern, member of redaction, an Ecuadorian delegation for the study of the Chuche idea headed by Jorge Bolivar Colomba, section chief of the Ecuadorian University Council, Ronald Saviniano Pedro Patti Perez, professor of Venezuelan University, and a Dakar University, Senegal, delegation for the study of the Chuche idea headed by Dr. Bnou D Agne, arrived in Pyongyang on August 15. GDR, Hungarian, Cuban, Polish and Soviet teams arrived here yesterday to participate in international parachuting competitions of socialist countries "for friendship and fraternity" to be held in Pyongyang. A Moscow figure skating selection also arrived in Pyongyang yesterday. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0356 GMT 16 Aug 83 SK]

REPLY FROM EGYPTIAN PREMIER—Pyongyang, 18 Aug (KCNA)—Comrade Yi Chong—ok, premier of the Administration Council, received a message from Dr. Ahmed Fuad Mohieddin, prime minister of the Arab Republic of Egypt, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the victory of the July 23 revolution in Egypt. Wishing the Premier Yi Chong—ok great success in his work, the reply message hoped that good relations existing between the two countries will develop in the interests of the two peoples. [Text] [SK180441 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0343 GMT 18 Aug 83]

FOREIGN OFFICIALS TOUR FARM—-Pyongyang, 18 Aug (KCNA)—-Press officials of foreign embassies and foreign correspondents in Pyongyang on August 17 inspected the 100 hectare terraced fields of the Hari cooperative farm in Kangdong County. The guests were deeply impressed by the fact that the farmers expect a rich harvest of maize this year, too, by doing farming in a scientific and technical way as required by the Chuche methods of farming created by the great leader Comrade Kim Il—song. [Text] [SK180858 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0810 GMT 18 Aug 83]

NEW ISRAELI LEBANON POLICY ANOTHER U.S. 'TRICK'

SK140930 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0922 GMT 14 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 14 (KCNA)—Israeli Foreign Minister Shamir claimed that an "agreement on the division of forces" of Syria and Israel in the Bekaa Valley, eastern Lebanon, would "lessen tension" and "prevent a big disaster."

Commenting on this, NODONG SINMUN Sunday brands this as another trick based on a script of the U.S. imperialists.

The signed commentary titled "Another Trick" says:

Some time ago, the U.S. imperialists summoned the defence and foreign ministers of Israel to Washington to be closeted with them over the promotion of the Middle East expansion plan. There the U.S. imperialists defended the redeployment of the Israeli aggression troops taking place in southern Lebanon under the cloak of "partial pullout" and "invented" another stratagem dubbed "division of the forces" of Syria and Israel.

The "division of forces" brought forward by them is no more than an artifice to make the Syrian forces retreat from the Bekaa Valley and let Israel occupy a favorable line for an easier realisation of the Middle East strategy of the United States.

It is none other than the Israeli aggressors who are creating tension in Lebanon.

The Israeli Zionists occupying Lebanon in conspiracy with the U.S. imperialists are trying to conquer other Arab countries, too, seized with greater expansionist desire. As its first target they chose Syria and are constantly perpetrating armed provocations after massing huge aggression forces in the Bekaa Valley. This is bringing the situation of the Bekaa Valley to a higher pitch of strain.

With no jugglery about "agreement on the division of forces" and so on can the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors camouflage their true color as the very one barring the solution of the Lebanese problem and the truculent enemy of the Arab people.

KCNA NOTES SOVIET PROTEST OF 'PROVOCATIVE ACTIONS' OF U.S. NAVY

SK140919 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0913 GMT 14 Aug 83

[Text] Moscow, August 13 (KCNA) -- The Soviet Foreign Ministry presented a note on August 11 to the American Embassy in Moscow expressing protest over provocative actions by U.S. naval vessels as regards a Soviet merchant ship.

The Soviet merchant ship Alexandr Ulyanov, on a routine commerical voyage in the Pacific in the Central American region, the note says, became in recent days a target of provocative actions on the part of American warships.

It points out:

In violation of the generally recognized norms of the freedom of navigation, ships of the U.S. Navy--two destroyers and a frigate--closely approached the Soviet ship and subjected it to inadmissible and unacceptable interrogation. Moreover, a helicopter made flights above the ship and carried out photographing.

Full responsibility for possible consequences of such actions will rest entirely with the American side, stresses the note.

NODONG SINMUN HAILS CONGOLESE NATIONAL DAY

SK140935 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0928 GMT 14 Aug 83

[Text] Pyongyang, August 14 (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN Sunday dedicates an article to the 20th anniversary of the victory of the Congolese people in the August revolution, which says: The Korean people extend fervent felicitations to the fraternal Congolese people.

The patriotic people of the Congo, says the author of the commentary, rose in a nation-wide armed uprising, overthrew the reactionary regime and won victory in the revolution. This was an epochal event that brought a fundamental turn in the history of the Congolese people.

He continues:

Over the last two decades the Congolese people have made big strides forward in the building of the national economy and national culture along the socialist line.

The Congolese people under the leadership of the Congolese Party of Labour and government headed by Comrade Denis Sassou Nguesso are today striving energetically to build an independent and prosperous new Congo.

The Congolese people, united close around the Congolese Party of Labour, are defending the gains of revolution and successfully building socialism, pushing aside the subversive activity and sabotage of the counter-revolutionary forces.

Pursuing a non-aligned policy, the Congo is struggling for the complete liberation and unity of Africa and firmly adhering to the anti-imperialist, independent stand.

Proceeding from such stand, the Congolese party and government recognize the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as the only lawful state of the Korean nation and always actively support and encourage the struggle of our people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. Our people express deep thanks for this.

Our people will make every possible effort in the future, too, for fraternal friendship and solidarity with the Congolese people.

BRIEFS

SOVIET POLITBURO MEETING—Moscow, 6 Aug (KCNA)—A meeting of the Politburo of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union was held, according to a TASS report. The meeting examined the question of holding election meetings at local district, city, zonal, regional and territorial party organisations and adopted a resolution on this issue. The meeting also examined the questions of further development of the industry producing protein and other fodder additives for needs of animal husbandry, and the proposals worked out by the USSR Council of Ministers on increasing the efficiency of the use of motor—vehicles in the national economy, stepping up the drives against disruptions of the fixed rules of cargo transportation and ensuring the saving of fuel and lubricants. It examined a number of other questions of international and domestic life of the USSR. [Text] [SK082310 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2246 GMT 8 Aug 83]

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